Required Elements for Submission of the Unified or Combined State Plan and Plan Modifications under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act

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Draft. Needs RSH's Review

OVERVIEW

Under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA), the Governor of each State must submit a Unified or Combined State Plan to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Labor that outlines a four-year strategy for the State's workforce development system. The publicly funded workforce development system is a national network of Federal, State, regional, and local agencies and organizations that provide a range of employment, education, training, and related services and supports to help all job-seekers secure good jobs while providing businesses with the skilled workers they need to compete in the global economy. States must have approved Unified or Combined State Plans in place to receive funding for core programs. WIOA reforms planning requirements, previously governed by the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (WIA), to foster better alignment of Federal investments in job training, to integrate service delivery across programs and improve efficiency in service delivery, and to ensure that the workforce system is job-driven and matches employers with skilled individuals. One of WIOA's principal areas of reform is to require States to plan across core programs and include this planning process in the Unified or Combined State Plans. This reform promotes a shared understanding of the workforce needs within each State and fosters development of more comprehensive and integrated approaches, such as career pathways and sector strategies, for addressing the needs of businesses and workers. Successful implementation of many of these approaches called for within WIOA requires robust relationships across programs. WIOA requires States and local areas to enhance coordination and partnerships with local entities and supportive service agencies for strengthened service delivery, including through Unified or Combined State Plans.

Options for Submitting a State Plan

Title IV).

A State has two options for submitting a State Plan— a Unified State Plan or a Combined State Plan. At a minimum, a State must submit a Unified State Plan that meets the requirements described in this document and outlines a four-year strategy for the core programs. The six core programs are—

- o the Adult program (Title I of WIOA), o the Dislocated Worker program (Title I), o the Youth program (Title I),
- o the Adult Education and Family Literacy Act program (Title II), and
- the Wagner-Peyser Act Employment Service program (authorized under the Wagner-Peyser
 Act, as amended by title III), o the Vocational Rehabilitation program (authorized under Title I of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended by

Alternatively, a State may submit a Combined State Plan that meets the requirements described in this document and outlines a four-year strategy for WIOA's core programs plus one or more of the Combined State Plan partner programs. When a State includes a Combined State Plan partner program in its Combined State Plan, it need not submit a separate plan or application for that particular program. If included, Combined State Plan partner programs are subject to the "common planning elements" (Sections II-IV of this document) where specified, as well as the program-specific requirements for that program where such planning requirements exist separately for the program. The Combined State Plan partner programs are—

o Career and technical education programs authorized under the Carl D. Perkins Career and

Technical Education Act of 2006, as amended by the Strengthening Career and Technical

Education for the 21st Century Act (Perkins V) (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.)

- o Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.)
- o Work programs authorized under section 6(o) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C.
 - 2015(o)) o Trade Adjustment Assistance for Workers programs (Activities authorized under chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2271 et seq.))
- Jobs for Veterans State Grants Program (programs authorized under 38, U.S.C. 4100 et. seq.) o Unemployment Insurance programs (programs authorized under State unemployment compensation laws in accordance with applicable Federal law)
- Senior Community Service Employment program (programs authorized under title V of the Older Americans Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3056 et seq.)) o Employment and training activities carried out by the Department of Housing and Urban Development
- o Community Services Block Grant (Employment and training activities carried out under the Community Services Block Grant Act (42 U.S.C. 9901 et seq.)) ¹

How State Plan Requirements Are Organized.

The major content areas of the Unified or Combined State Plan include strategic and operational planning elements. WIOA separates the strategic and operational elements to facilitate cross-program strategic planning.

- o The **Strategic Planning Elements** section includes analyses of the State's economic conditions, workforce characteristics, and workforce development activities. These analyses drive the required vision and goals for the State's workforce development system and alignment strategies for workforce development programs to support economic growth.
- o The **Operational Planning Elements** section identifies the State's efforts to support the State's strategic vision and goals as identified in the Strategic Planning Elements section. This section ensures that the State has the necessary infrastructure, policies, and activities to meet its strategic goals, implement its alignment strategy, and support ongoing program development and coordination. Operational planning elements include:
 - State Strategy Implementation,
 - State Operating Systems and Policies,
 - Assurances,
 - Program-Specific Requirements for the Core Programs, and
 - Program-Specific Requirements for the Combined State Plan partner programs. (These requirements are available in a separate supplemental document, *Supplement to the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act* (WIOA) Unified and Combined State Plan Requirements. The Departments are not seeking comments on these particular requirements).

¹ States that elect to include employment and training activities carried out under the Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) Act (42 U.S.C. 9901 et seq.) under a Combined State Plan would submit all other required elements of a complete CSBG State Plan directly to the Federal agency that administers the program. Similarly, States that elect to include employment and training activities carried out by the Department of Housing and Urban Development that are included would submit all other required elements of a complete State Plan for those programs directly to the Federal agency that administers the program.

When responding to Unified or Combined State Plan requirements, States must identify specific strategies for coordinating programs and services for target populations.² States must develop strategies that look beyond strategies for the general population and develop approaches that also address the needs of target populations. Use of links to external websites and documents is permitted within the State Plan narrative submission, if such links remain active and adhere to Section 508 accessibility requirements.

Paperwork Reduction Act: The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) provides that an agency may not conduct, and no person is required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. Public reporting burden for this information collection is estimated to be 86 hours per state; including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Responding to this collection is required to obtain or retain the Federal grant benefit. In addition, responses to this information collection are public, and the agencies offer no assurances of confidentiality. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the U.S. Department of Labor, Office of Workforce Investment, and reference OMB control number 1205-0522. Note: Please do not return the completed plan to this address.

 $^{^2}$ Target populations include individuals with barriers to employment, as defined in WIOA Sec. 3, as well as veterans, unemployed workers, and youth.

I. WIOA STATE PLAN TYPE and EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

(a) Unified or Combined State Plan. Select whether the State is submitting a Unified or
Combined State Plan. At a minimum, a State must submit a Unified State Plan that covers
the six core programs.
☐ Unified State Plan . This plan includes the Adult, Dislocated Worker,
Youth, Wagner-Peyser Act, Adult Education and Family Literacy Act, and
Vocational Rehabilitation programs.
☐ Combined State Plan. This plan includes the Adult, Dislocated Worker, Youth,
Wagner-Peyser Act, Adult Education and Family Literacy Act, and Vocational
Rehabilitation programs, as well as one or more of the optional Combined State Plan
partner programs identified below. <u>Indicate which Combined State Plan partner</u>
program(s) the State is electing to include in the plan.
• Career and technical education programs authorized under the Carl D.
Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006, as amended by the
Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century Act
(Perkins V) (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.)
o Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.)
• Employment and Training programs under the Supplemental Nutrition
Assistance Program (programs authorized under section 6(d)(4) of the Food
and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2015(d)(4)))
• Work programs authorized under section 6(o) of the Food and Nutrition Act
of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2015(o))
 Trade Adjustment Assistance for Workers programs (activities authorized
under chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2271 et seq.))
o Jobs for Veterans State Grants program (programs authorized under 38,
U.S.C. 4100 et. seq.)
 Unemployment Insurance programs (programs authorized under State
unemployment compensation laws in accordance with applicable Federal
law)
 Senior Community Service Employment program (programs authorized
under title V of the Older Americans Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3056 et seq.))
 Employment and training activities carried out by the Department of
Housing and Urban Development
 Community Services Block Grant (Employment and training activities
carried out under the Community Services Block Grant Act (42 U.S.C. 9901
et seq.))
o Reintegration of Ex-Offenders program ³ (programs authorized under section
212 of the Second Chance Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C. 17532))

(b) <u>Plan Introduction or Executive Summary</u>. The Unified or Combined State Plan may include an introduction or executive summary. This element is optional.

³ The Reentry Employment Opportunities program (REO), formerly the Reintegration of Ex-Offenders Program (RExO), is referred to by its original name (RExO) in this document. This name change is a recent decision that was not incorporated into WIOA.

II. STRATEGIC ELEMENTS

The Unified or Combined State Plan must include a Strategic Planning Elements section that analyzes the State's current economic environment and identifies the State's overall vision for its workforce development system. The required elements in this section allow the State to develop data-driven goals for preparing an educated and skilled workforce and to identify successful strategies for aligning workforce development programs to support economic growth. Unless otherwise noted, all Strategic Planning Elements apply to Combined State Plan partner programs included in the plan as well as to core programs. Where requirements identify the term "populations", these must include individuals with barriers to employment as defined at WIOA Section 3. This includes displaced homemakers; low-income individuals; Indians, Alaska Natives, and Native Hawaiians; individuals with disabilities, including youth who are individuals with disabilities; older individuals; ex-offenders; homeless individuals, or homeless children and youths; youth who are in or have aged out of the foster care system; individuals who are English language learners, individuals who have low levels of literacy, and individuals facing substantial cultural barriers; farmworkers (as defined at section 167(i) of WIOA and Training and Employment Guidance Letter No. 35-14); individuals within 2 years of exhausting lifetime eligibility under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program; single parents (including single pregnant women); and long-term unemployed individuals. Additional populations include veterans, unemployed workers, and youth, and others that the State may identify.

- (a) <u>Economic, Workforce, and Workforce Development Activities Analysis</u>. The Unified or Combined State Plan must include an analysis of the economic conditions, economic development strategies, and labor market in which the State's workforce system and programs will operate.
 - (1) Economic and Workforce Analysis
 - (A) *Economic Analysis*. The Unified or Combined State Plan must include an analysis of the economic conditions and trends in the State, including sub-State regions and any specific economic areas identified by the State. This must include—
 - (i) Existing Demand Industry Sectors and Occupations. Provide an analysis of the industries and occupations for which there is existing demand.
 - (ii) Emerging Demand Industry Sectors and Occupations. Provide an analysis of the industries and occupations for which demand is emerging.
 - (iii) Employers' Employment Needs. With regard to the industry sectors and occupations identified in (A)(i) and (ii), provide an assessment of the employment needs of employers, including a description of the knowledge, skills, and abilities required, including credentials and licenses.
 - (B) Workforce Analysis. The Unified or Combined State Plan must include an analysis of the current workforce in the State and within various state regions. Provide key analytical conclusions in aggregate as well as disaggregated among populations to identify potential disparities in employment and educational attainment and understand labor force conditions for items (i)-(iii) below. Populations analyzed must include individuals with barriers to employment described in the first paragraph of Section II. Analysis must include—
 - (i) Employment and Unemployment. Provide an analysis of current employment and unemployment data, including labor force participation rates, and trends in the

State.

- (ii) Labor Market Trends. Provide an analysis of key labor market trends, including across existing industries and occupations.
- (iii) Education and Skill Levels of the Workforce. Provide an analysis of the educational and skill levels of the workforce.
- (iv) Comparison of Economic and Workforce Analytical Conclusion. Describe areas of opportunity for meeting hiring, education, and skills needs identified in the economy compared to the assets available in the labor force in the state.
- (2) Workforce Development, Education and Training Activities Analysis. The Unified or Combined State Plan must include an analysis of the workforce development activities, including education and training in the State, to address the education and skill needs of the workforce, as identified in (a)(1)(B)(iii) above, and the employment needs of employers, as identified in (a)(1)(A)(iii) above.

 This must include an analysis of—
 - (A) *The State's Workforce Development Activities*. Provide an analysis of the State's workforce development activities, including education and training activities of the core programs, Combined State Plan partner programs included in this plan, and required⁴ and optional one-stop delivery system partners.⁵
 - (B) The Strengths and Weaknesses of Workforce Development Activities. Provide an analysis of the strengths and weaknesses of the workforce development activities identified in (A), directly above.
 - (C) State Workforce Development Capacity. Provide an analysis of the capacity of State entities to provide the workforce development activities identified in (A), above.
- (b) <u>State Strategic Vision and Goals</u>. The Unified or Combined State Plan must include the State's strategic vision and goals for developing its workforce and meeting employer needs in order to support economic growth and economic self-sufficiency. This must include—
 - (1) Vision. Describe the State's strategic vision for its workforce development system.
 - (2) <u>Goals</u>. Describe the goals for achieving this vision based on the analysis in (a) above of the State's economic conditions, workforce, and workforce development activities. This must include—
 - (A) Goals for preparing an educated and skilled workforce, including preparing youth and individuals with barriers to employment⁶ and other populations.⁷
 - (B) Goals for meeting the skilled workforce needs of employers.

⁴ Required one-stop partners: In addition to the core programs, the following partner programs are required to provide access through the one-stops: Career and

Technical Education (Perkins), Community Services Block Grant, Indian and Native American programs, HUD Employment and Training programs, Job Corps, Local Veterans' Employment Representatives and Disabled Veterans' Outreach Program, National Farmworker Jobs program, Senior Community Service Employment program, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (unless the Governor determines TANF will not be a required partner), Trade Adjustment Assistance programs, Unemployment Compensation programs, and YouthBuild.

⁵ Workforce development activities may include a wide variety of programs and partners, including educational institutions, faith- and community-based organizations, and human services.

⁶ Individuals with barriers to employment include displaced homemakers; low-income individuals; Indians, Alaska Natives, and Native Hawaiians; individuals with disabilities, including youth who are individuals with disabilities; older individuals; ex-offenders; homeless individuals, or homeless children and youths; youth who are in or have aged out of the foster care system; individuals who are English language learners, individuals who have low levels of literacy, and individuals facing substantial cultural barriers; eligible migrant and seasonal farmworkers (as defined at section 167(i) of WIOA and Training and Employment Guidance Letter No. 3514); individuals within 2 years of exhausting lifetime eligibility under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program; single parents (including single pregnant women); and long-term unemployed individuals.

⁷ Veterans, unemployed workers, and youth and any other populations identified by the State.

- (3) <u>Performance Goals</u>. Using the table provided in Appendix 1, include the State's expected levels of performance relating to the performance accountability measures based on primary indicators of performance described in section 116(b)(2)(A) of WIOA. (This Strategic Planning element only applies to core programs.)
- (4) <u>Assessment.</u> Describe how the State will assess the overall effectiveness of the workforce development system in the State in relation to the strategic vision and goals stated above in sections (b)(1), (2), and (3) and how it will use the results of this assessment, which may include evaluation findings, and other feedback to make continuous or quality improvements.
- (c) <u>State Strategy</u>. The Unified or Combined State Plan must include the State's strategies to achieve its strategic vision and goals. These strategies must take into account the State's economic, workforce, and workforce development, education and training activities and analysis provided in Section (a) above.

Include discussion of specific strategies to address the needs of populations provided in Section (a).

- (1) Describe the strategies the State will implement, including industry or sector partnerships related to in-demand industry sectors and occupations and career pathways, as required by WIOA section 101(d)(3)(B), (D). "Career pathway" is defined at WIOA section 3(7) and includes registered apprenticeship. "In-demand industry sector or occupation" is defined at WIOA section 3(23).
- (2) Describe the strategies the State will use to align the core programs, any Combined State Plan partner programs included in this Plan, required and optional one-stop partner programs, and any other resources available to the State to achieve fully integrated customer services consistent with the strategic vision and goals described above. Also describe strategies to strengthen workforce development activities in regard to weaknesses identified in section II(a)(2).

III. OPERATIONAL PLANNING ELEMENTS

The Unified or Combined State Plan must include an Operational Planning Elements section that supports the

State's strategy and the system-wide vision described in Section II(c) above. Unless otherwise noted, all Operational Planning Elements apply to Combined State Plan partner programs included in the plan as well as to core programs. This section must include—

- (a) State Strategy Implementation. The Unified or Combined State Plan must include—
 - (1) <u>State Board Functions.</u> Describe how the State board will implement its functions under section 101(d) of WIOA (i.e., provide a description of Board operational structures and decision-making processes to ensure such functions are carried out).
 - (2) <u>Implementation of State Strategy</u>. Describe how the lead State agency with responsibility for the administration of each core program or a Combined State Plan partner program included in this plan will implement the State's Strategies identified in II(c) above. This must include a description of—
 - (A) Core Program Activities to Implement the State's Strategy. Describe the activities the entities carrying out the respective core programs will fund to implement the State's strategies. Also, describe how such activities will be aligned across the core programs and Combined State Plan partner programs included in this plan and among the entities administering the programs, including using co-enrollment and other strategies, as appropriate.

DVR is committed to utilizing Hawaii's Online Workforce referral system to coordinate services, avoid duplication of services, reduce paperwork, and streamline administrative operations when made available. DVR will ensure that all designated staff will receive training and support to utilize this system on a regular, ongoing basis and in the most efficient manner.

DVR provides training to CORE and Community Partners on the VR program, which includes the VR process, eligibility, and VR services provided to eligible persons with disabilities to prepare for, obtain, maintain, regain, and advance in employment. Other training offerings include:

- 1. Disability Awareness
- 2. Working with persons who are Deaf or Hard of Hearing
- 3. Working with persons who are Blind or Visually Impaired
- 4. Job Accommodation Network
- 5. Assistive Technology
- 6. Consultation on the ADA

VR has participated in the fiscal mapping of resources across WIOA core partners and supporting agencies, educating all stakeholders on funding streams for various programs and services. Another related DVR goal pertains to engaging with employers in the Workforce Development System.

DVR offers training programs to businesses and has created a training calendar that may be adjusted based on the needs of the participants. The standard training modules include:

- 1. Business as a Customer of the VR Program
- 2. Disability Awareness

- 3. Working with Series: people who are Deaf or Hard of Hearing, people who are Blind or
 - Visually Impaired, and people with Mental Illness
- 4. Job Accommodation Network
- 5. Assistive Technology
- 6. Consultation on ADA, Accessibility, and Section 503

DVR has established procedures and conducts training for the referral process to DVR by the AJC and partners. DVR participates in cross-training and collaboration with all partners to understand eligibility requirements so appropriate referrals can be made with minimal "run around" by individuals seeking services through DVR or the AJC. DVR collaborates with partners for comparable services and benefits to avoid duplication of services. Resource sharing and co-enrollment across programs ensure that job seekers get support from community programs. While some collaboration involves MOAs or MOUs with community partners, others are based on sharing program knowledge, resources, and commitment to serving our populations.

- 1. Partner Meetings are attended every quarter.
- 2. Direct focus workgroup meetings are attended every month.
- 3. All meetings include ongoing collaboration via email and telephone to advance goals and priorities.

DVR's goals also include the development of sector strategies and career pathway systems for

in-demand industries. DVR utilizes the Career Index Plus, a career information system that collects Labor Market Information (LMI) from various resources and compiles it online. The site has the most comprehensive information on recent labor market data and is the tool utilized to gain data to develop plans for career pathway discussions based on growth industries and skills needed by employers.

DVR has collaborated with the UH System – Community Colleges to promote apprenticeship programs in the High Schools. Classroom instruction is coupled with internships in growth industries such as healthcare and food services. Students can continue their apprenticeship at a Post-Secondary level after exiting High School. Apprenticeship programs are also available to adults with an entry point through the community Colleges.

DVR has created and participates in cross-functional teams addressing employer demand for jobs and support relative to each county. In addition to CORE partners, members include supporting agencies and businesses.

- 1. Business Engagement: All populations, including underserved
- 2. Hawaii Employment First Task Force: Disability Initiatives
- 3. Disability: In Employer Lead Disability Inclusion Focus
- 4. Recruitment Fairs: Coordination with Employers and Participation in logistics and meeting other needs.
 - (B) Alignment with Activities outside the Plan. Describe how the activities identified in (A) will be aligned with programs and activities provided by required one-stop partners and other optional one-stop partners and

activities provided under employment, training (including Registered Apprenticeships), education (including career and technical education), human services and other programs not covered by the plan, as appropriate, assuring coordination of, and avoiding duplication among these activities.

DVR can assist a VR-eligible individual with activities included in their Individualized Plan for Employment (IPE). The IPE lists all the activities required for a VR-eligible individual to prepare, obtain, maintain, regain, and advance in the employment of their informed choice. Suppose a required activity is identified after the IPE is completed. In that case, the VR-eligible individual and the VR counselor can amend the IPE to include the activity and make any other necessary changes to obtain employment. DVR and the Core partners are working on a Memorandum of Agreements (MOA) that details the responsibilities of each partner, which will help in the management and avoid duplication among these activities. In case of duplication of activities, which includes AJC Partners, DVR would have minimal involvement as those services would not be listed on the IPE since they are not necessary for the VR-eligible individual to obtain employment.

(C) Coordination, Alignment and Provision of Services to Individuals. Describe how the entities carrying out the respective core programs, Combined State Plan partner programs included in this plan, and required and optional onestop partner programs will coordinate activities and resources to provide comprehensive, high-quality, customer-centered services, including supportive services (e.g. transportation), to individuals, including those populations identified in section II(a)(1)(B), and individuals in remote areas The activities described shall conform to the statutory requirements of each program.

The Hawaii Department of Labor and Industrial Relations (DLIR) is creating an online service called the Hawaii Career Acceleration Navigator (HICAN) to assist communities and populations facing employment challenges. The HICAN will serve as a digital onestop shop for DLIR services to all Hawaii residents. It will provide coordinated resources like career exploration and unemployment insurance requirements. Additionally, HICAN will refer users to relevant State-provided social services such as food, medical, and cash assistance to support jobseekers in transitioning into livable wage careers.

The steering committee for the HICAN project includes representatives from the State of Hawaii, Department of Human Services, Division of Vocational Rehabilitation, which administers Title IV and is interested in ensuring accessibility for persons with disabilities. All core partners have been involved in discussions regarding user testing. DLIR will continue to provide updated information to all partners regarding system updates and additional modules. The software is designed to cater to the specific needs of individuals who face barriers to employment. This is primarily done through referral information and data sharing among state partner agencies.

The State of Hawaii is partnering with the National Governors Association Workforce Innovation Network on this project.

(D) Coordination, Alignment and Provision of Services to Employers. Describe how the entities carrying out the respective core programs, any Combined

State Plan partner program included in this plan, required and optional onestop partner programs will coordinate activities and resources to provide comprehensive, high-quality services to employers to meet their current and projected workforce needs and to achieve the goals of industry or sector partners in the state. The activities described shall conform to the statutory requirements of each program.

[DVR BLANK)

(E) Partner Engagement with Educational Institutions and other Education and Training Providers. Describe how the State's Strategies will engage the State's community colleges, adult education providers, area career and technical education schools, providers on the State's eligible training provider list, and other education and training providers, as partners in the workforce development system to create a job-driven education and training system. WIOA section 102(b)(2)(B)(iv). Include how the State's strategies will enable the State to leverage other Federal, State, and local investments to enhance access to workforce development programs at these institutions.

Education Partners

- University of Hawaii Community Colleges
- University of Hawaii Centers for Disability Studies (UH CDS)
- University of Hawaii Language Roadmap Initiative
- McKinley Community School for Adults (includes Oahu, Kauai, and Maui)
- Waipahu Community School for Adults (includes Oahu and Hawaii Island)
- Office of the State Director of Career and Technical Education (OSDCTE)
- Hawaii Department of Education (HIDOE)
- Native Hawaiian Education Council
- Technical Schools
- Chaminade University
- Gallaudet
- National Technical Institute for the Deaf (Rochester)
- Hawaii Pacific University
- (Expanded ETP List)

DVR currently offers a Vocational and Work Adjustment Training program. The program is designed for students aged 14 to 21 who are eligible or potentially eligible for VR services. Its primary objective is to provide work experience in an integrated setting while the students are still in school.

The Postsecondary Supports Project offers personalized services to DVR participants attending or planning to attend postsecondary education through the University of Hawaii system and is contracted through UH CDS. The program provides various activities to help students understand college expectations, prepare for college, financial resources, strategies for success, self-awareness, self-regulation, self-efficacy, self-advocacy, problem-solving, decision-making, and goal setting. SWD students can also participate in a 4-day, 3-night college experience on the Manoa campus to learn workplace rp[eratomg eadiness skills and strategies.

UH CDS offers contracted services for Benefits Planning, which provides employment resource training for students with disabilities. These resources include work incentives, asset development, self-advocacy, disability awareness, disability disclosure, understanding accommodations, and self-determination.

DVR also works with Adult Literacy and Community Colleges to develop career pathways, including Pre-ETS with work-based learning experiences for VR students between 14 and 21. We are working with Adult Education to provide career pathways for VR participants, which include remedial reading and math classes, Pre-ETS, and paid and unpaid work experience for those participants who desire to enter directly into the labor force. We are working with community colleges to provide career pathways for VR participants aged 14 and above who desire to enter secondary education before entering the workforce.

(F) Improving Access to Postsecondary Credentials. Describe how the State's strategies will improve access to activities leading to recognized postsecondary credentials, including Registered Apprenticeship certificates. This includes credentials that are industry-recognized certificates, licenses or certifications, and that are portable and stackable.

The DVR can assist individuals eligible for VR only for the activities listed in their Individualized Plan for Employment (IPE). The IPE includes all the essential activities a qualified individual needs to prepare, obtain, maintain, regain, or advance in the employment of their informed choice.

The DVR collaborates with Adult Education from the Department of Education, the Workforce Development from the University of Hawaii Community Colleges, the AJCs, and the Workforce Development Division from the Department of Labor to improve access to postsecondary credentials for people with disabilities. The AJCs, WDD, and other partners will work together to identify employer needs in each county.

The DVR will then meet with the employers to determine the work skills and training required for employment with the companies, including positions beyond entry level. The VR will provide financial and case management support if postsecondary training is available.

The DVR will work with Adult Education to develop postsecondary training if customized postsecondary training is needed. Vocational and other training services include personal and vocational adjustment training, books, tools, and other materials. However, no training or training services provided in an institution of higher education (universities, colleges, community or junior colleges, vocational schools, technical institutes, or hospital schools of nursing) may be paid for unless the division and the individual have made maximum efforts to secure grant assistance in whole or in part from other sources to pay for that training.

(G) Coordinating with Economic Development Strategies. Describe how the activities identified in (A) will be coordinated with economic development entities, strategies, and activities in the State.

DVR will finance the expenses of Vocational Rehabilitation Services offered to all qualifying VR participants with disabilities. DVR is collaborating with core partners to establish three

entry points (Adult Education, VR, and WDD) from which individuals can access the services.

DVR can pay for an eligible individual's vocational rehabilitation with only the activities listed in their Individualized Plan for Employment (IPE). The IPE includes all the necessary activities required for a DVR-eligible individual to prepare, obtain, and maintain/regain employment of their informed choice. All required training costs can be paid with VR basic support grant funds. Suppose another public entity (other than DVR) is obligated under Federal law (such as the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 504 of the Act, or the Workforce and Innovation Opportunity Act) or State Law or assigned responsibility under State policy or an interagency agreement established under this Section, to provide or pay for any services that are VR services (such as interpreter services). In that case, the public entity must fulfill that obligation or responsibility. This can be done by the terms of the interagency agreement, paying for the service directly or by contract or other arrangements.

- (b) <u>State Operating Systems and Policies</u>. The Unified or Combined State Plan must include a description of the State operating systems and policies that will support the implementation of the State strategy described in section II **Strategic Elements**. This includes—
 - (1) State operating systems that support coordinated implementation of State strategies (for example labor market information systems, data systems, communication systems, case management systems, job banks, etc.).

The Hawaii Division of Vocational Rehabilitation (HDVR) utilizes a database and case management systems to aid in career planning for individuals with disabilities across the state. To fulfill federal reporting requirements under Title IV to the Department of Education, Rehabilitation Services Administration, HDVR employs the Alliance Aware case management system.

DVR utilizes a web-based automated case management system called Akamai, which is used for vocational rehabilitation. Akamai is a commercial off-the-shelf software, sold under the label Aware. The system is hosted by Alliance Enterprises, Inc. (Alliance), a subsidiary of Verasoft Inc., based in Dupont, Washington. Akamai-Aware can manage different case types, such as Vocational Rehabilitation and Older Blind, track efficiency and costs, and meet all federal Rehabilitation Serv\es Administration (RSA) data management and reporting requirements.

(2) The State policies that will support the implementation of the State's strategies (for example., co-enrollment policies and universal intake processes where appropriate). In addition, provide the State's guidelines for State-administered one-stop partner programs' contributions to a one-stop delivery system and any additional guidance for one-stop partner contributions.

DVR has a local area plan for each AJC located in (4) counties which details policies, operations,

and responsibilities of each entity in alignment with the state's strategies.

1.DVR has made a commitment to utilize Hawaii's Online Workforce Referral System to coordinate services, avoid duplication of services, reduce paperwork and streamline administrative operations.

- 2. DVR "referral for Vocational Rehabilitation Services" form is readily available throughout the State predominantly at the One Stop Centers by hard copy and also by fillable pdf via the DHS DVR website at http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/vr/apply/referral.
- 3. DVR is developing an online video which will orient interested persons with disabilities, CORE partners and stakeholders about the WDC, WDD, DVR, Adult Ed VR program and services. Estimated launch of this video on the DVR website is 2021.
- 4. In addition to responsibilities outlined in the MOA, DVR's contribution to the One Stop include consultation and training in the areas of disability and employment.

(3) State Program and State Board Overview.

(A) State Agency Organization. Describe the organization and delivery systems at the State and local levels for the programs covered in the plan, including the organizational structure. Include an organizational chart.

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The Department of Human Services (DHS) is divided into divisions that report to the Director and two Deputy Directors. These divisions include Social Services (SSD), which provides protection to children and dependent adults from abuse and neglect. Benefit, Employment, and Support Services (BESSD) provides temporary assistance and SNAP benefits for needy families. Med-Quest is another division that administers Medicaid and the state's Quest health coverage for low-income adults and children. The Division of Vocational Rehabilitation (DVR) provides Title IV services for persons with disabilities in prepare, obtain, maintain, regain, and advance in employment Title IV services.

Apart from these divisions, DHS has a few administrative agencies attached. These include the Office of Youth Services, the Hawaii Public Housing Authority, the Hawaii State Commission on the Status of Women, and the Commission on Fatherhood.

- (B) State Board. Provide a description of the State Board activities that will assist State Board members and staff in carrying out State Board functions effectively. Also, provide a membership roster for the State Board consistent with 20 CFR 679.110-120, including members' organizational affiliations and position titles.
- (4) Assessment and Evaluation of Programs and One-Stop Program Partners.
 - (A) Assessment of Core and One-Stop Program Partner Programs. Describe how the core programs will be assessed each year based on State performance accountability measures described in section 116(b) of WIOA. Describe how other one-stop delivery system partner program services and Combined State Plan partner programs included in the plan will be assessed each year. This State assessment must include the quality, effectiveness, and improvement of programs broken down by local area or provider. Such state assessments should take into account local and regional planning goals.

(B) *Previous Assessment Results*. For each four-year state plan and state plan modification, provide the results of assessments of the effectiveness of the core programs and other one-stop partner programs and Combined State Plan partner programs included in the Unified or Combined State plan during the preceding 2-year period (i.e. the 2-year period of the plan modification cycle), in accordance with methods described in 4(A)

Describe how the State is adapting its strategies based on these assessments.

- (C) Evaluation. Describe how the State will conduct evaluations and research projects of activities carried out in the State under WIOA core programs; how such projects will be coordinated with, and designed in conjunction with, State and local boards and with State agencies responsible for the administration of all respective core programs; and, further, how the projects will be coordinated with the evaluations provided for by the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Education under WIOA (WIOA Section 116(e)).
- (5) <u>Distribution of Funds for Core Programs</u>. Describe the methods and factors the State will use in distributing funds under the core programs in accordance with the provisions authorizing such distributions.
 - (A) For Title I programs, provide a description of the written policies that establish the State's methods and factors used to distribute funds to local areas for— (i) Youth activities in accordance with WIOA section 128(b)(2) or (b)(3),
 - (ii) Adult and training activities in accordance with WIOA section 133(b)(2) or (b)(3),
 - (iii) Dislocated worker employment and training activities in accordance with WIOA section 133(b)(2) and based on data and weights assigned.
 - (B) For Title II:
 - (i) Describe the methods and factors the eligible agency will use to distribute title II funds.
 - (ii) Describe how the eligible agency will ensure direct and equitable access to all eligible providers to apply and compete for funds and how the eligible agency will ensure that it is using the same grant or contract announcement and application procedure for all eligible providers.
 - (C) Vocational Rehabilitation Program:
 - In the case of a State that, under section 101(a)(2)(A)(i)of the Rehabilitation Act designates a State agency to administer the part of the Vocational Rehabilitation (VR) services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan under which VR services are provided for individuals who are blind, describe the process and the factors used by the State to determine the distribution of funds among the two VR agencies in the State.

(6) Program Data

(A) Data Alignment and Integration. Describe the plans of the lead State agencies with responsibility for the administration of the core programs, along with the State Board, to align and integrate available workforce and education data systems for the core programs, unemployment insurance programs, and education through postsecondary education, and to the extent possible, the Combined State Plan partner programs included in this plan. The description of the State's plan for integrating data systems should include the State's goals for achieving integration and any

progress to date. Describe data-collection and reporting processes used for all programs and activities, including the State's process to collect and report data on co-enrollment, and for those present in the one-stop centers.

- (i) Describe the State's plans to make the management information systems for the core programs interoperable to maximize the efficient exchange of common data elements to support assessment and evaluation.
- (ii) Describe the State's plans to integrate data systems to facilitate streamlined intake and service delivery to track participation across all programs included in this plan.
- (iii) Explain how the State board will assist the governor in aligning technology and data systems across required one-stop partner programs (including design and implementation of common intake, data collection, etc.) and how such alignment will improve service delivery to individuals, including unemployed individuals.
- (iv) Describe the State's data systems and procedures to produce the reports required under section 116, performance accountability system. (WIOA section 116(d)(2)).
- (B) <u>Assessment of Participants' Post-Program Success</u>. Describe how lead State agencies will use the workforce development system to assess the progress of participants who are exiting from core programs in entering, persisting in, and completing postsecondary education, or entering or remaining in employment. States may choose to set additional indicators of performance.
- (C) Use of Unemployment Insurance (UI) Wage Record Data. Explain how the State will meet the requirements to utilize quarterly UI wage records for performance accountability, evaluations, and as a source for workforce and labor market information, consistent with Federal and State law. (This Operational Planning element applies to core programs.)
- (D) *Privacy Safeguards*. Describe the privacy safeguards incorporated in the State's workforce development system, including safeguards required by section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1232g) and other applicable Federal laws.
- (7) Priority of Service for Veterans.
 - (A) Describe how the State will implement the priority of service provisions for covered persons in accordance with the requirements of the Jobs for Veterans Act, codified at section 4215 of 38 U.S.C., which applies to all employment and training programs funded in whole or in part by the Department of Labor.
 - (B) Describe how the State will monitor priority of service provisions for veterans.
 - (C) Describe the triage and referral process for eligible veterans and other populations determined eligible to receive services from the Jobs for Veterans State Grants (JVSG) program's Disabled Veterans' Outreach Program (DVOP) specialist/Consolidated Position.
- (8) Addressing the Accessibility of the One-Stop Delivery System for Individuals with Disabilities. Describe how the one-stop delivery system (including one-stop center operators and the one-stop delivery system partners), will comply with section 188 of WIOA (if applicable) and applicable provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) regarding the physical and programmatic accessibility of facilities, programs, services, technology, and materials for individuals with disabilities. This also must include a description of compliance through providing staff training and

- support for addressing the needs of individuals with disabilities. Describe the State's one-stop center certification policy, particularly the accessibility criteria.
- (9) Addressing the Accessibility of the One-Stop Delivery System for Individuals who are English Language Learners. Describe how the one-stop delivery system (including one-stop center operators and the one-stop delivery system partners) will ensure that each one-stop center is able to meet the needs of English language learners, such as through established procedures, staff training, resources, and other materials. Describe how English language learners will be made aware of the opportunity to enroll and/or co-enroll in all the core programs for which they are eligible.

IV. COORDINATION WITH STATE PLAN PROGRAMS. Describe the methods used for joint planning and coordination among the core programs, and with the required one-stop partner programs and other programs and activities included in the Unified or Combined State Plan.

V. COMMON ASSURANCES (for all core programs)

The	The Unified or Combined State Plan must include assurances that:	
1.	The State has established a policy identifying circumstances that may present a conflict of interest for a State Board or local board member, or the entity or class of officials that the member rep- resents, and procedures to resolve such conflicts;	
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2.	The State has established a policy to provide to the public (including individuals with disabilities) access to meetings of State Boards and local boards, and information regarding activities of State Boards and local boards, such as data on board membership and minutes;	
3.	The lead State agencies with optimal policy-making authority and responsibility for the administration of core programs reviewed and commented on the appropriate operational planning elements of the Unified or Combined State Plan, and approved the elements as serving the needs of the populations served by such programs;	
<u> </u>		
4.	(a) The State obtained input into the development of the Unified or Combined State Plan and provided an opportunity for comment on the plan by representatives of local boards and chief elected officials, businesses, labor organizations, institutions of higher education, the entities responsible for planning or administrating the core programs, required one-stop partners and the other Combined Plan programs (if included in the State Plan), other primary stakeholders, including other organizations that provide services to individuals with barriers to employment, and the general public, and that the Unified or Combined State Plan is available and accessible to the general public;	
	(b) The State provided an opportunity for review and comment on the plan by the State Board, including State agency official(s) for the Unemployment Insurance Agency if such official(s) is a member of the State Board;	
5.	The State has established, in accordance with WIOA section 116(i), fiscal control and fund accounting procedures that may be necessary to ensure the proper disbursement of, and accounting for, funds paid to the State through allotments made for the core programs to carry out workforce development activities;	

6.	The State has taken appropriate action to secure compliance with uniform administrative requirements in this Act, including that the State will annually monitor local areas to ensure compliance and otherwise take appropriate action to secure compliance with the uniform administrative requirements under WIOA section 184(a)(3);
7.	The State has taken the appropriate action to be in compliance with WIOA section 188, Nondiscrimination, as applicable;
8.	The Federal funds received to carry out a core program will not be expended for any purpose other than for activities authorized with respect to such funds under that core program;
9.	The State will pay an appropriate share (as defined by the State board) of the costs of carrying out section 116, from funds made available through each of the core programs;
10.	The State has a one-stop certification policy that ensures the physical and programmatic accessibility of all one-stop centers with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA);
11.	Service providers have a referral process in place for directing Veterans with Significant Barriers to Employment (SBE) to DVOP services, when appropriate; and
12.	Priority of service for veterans and eligible spouses is provided in accordance with 38 USC 4215 in all workforce preparation, development or delivery of programs or services funded directly, in whole or in part, by the Department of Labor.

VI. PROGRAM-SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR CORE PROGRAMS

The State must address all program-specific requirements in this section for the WIOA core programs regardless of whether the State submits either a Unified or Combined State Plan.

Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Youth Activities under Title I-B. The Unified or Combined State Plan must include the following with respect to activities carried out under subtitle B—

(a) General Requirements

- (1) Regions and Local Workforce Development Areas.
 - (A) Identify the regions and the local workforce development areas designated in the State.
 - (B) Describe the process and policy used for designating local areas, including procedures for determining whether the local area met the criteria for "performed successfully" and "sustained fiscal integrity" in accordance with 106(b)(2) and (3) of WIOA. Describe the process used for identifying regions and planning regions under section 106(a) of WIOA. This must include a description of how the State consulted with the local boards and chief elected officials in identifying the regions.
 - (C) Provide the appeals process and policy referred to in section 106(b)(5) of WIOA relating to designation of local areas.
 - (D) Provide the appeals process and policy referred to in section 121(h)(2)(E) of WIOA relating to determinations for infrastructure funding.

(2) Statewide Activities.

- (A) Provide State policies or guidance for the statewide workforce development system and for use of State funds for workforce investment activities.
- (B) Describe how the State intends to use Governor's set aside funding for mandatory and discretionary activities, including how the State will conduct evaluations of Title I Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Youth activities.
- (C) Describe how the State will utilize Rapid Response funds to respond to layoffs and plant closings and coordinate services to quickly aid companies and their affected workers. States also should describe any layoff aversion strategies they have implemented to address at risk companies and workers.
- (D) Describe the State policies and procedures to provide Rapid Responses in cases of natural disasters including coordination with FEMA and other entities.
- (E) Describe how the State provides early intervention (e.g., Rapid Response) and ensures the provision of appropriate career services to worker groups on whose behalf a Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) petition has been filed. (Section 134(a)(2)(A) and TAA Section 221(a)(2)(A).) This description must include how the State disseminates benefit information to provide workers in the groups identified in the TAA petitions with an accurate understanding of the provision of TAA benefits and services in such a way that they are transparent to the dislocated worker applying for them (Trade Act Sec. 221(a)(2)(A) and Sec. 225; Governor-Secretary Agreement). Describe how the State will use funds that have been reserved for Rapid Response to provide

services for every worker group that files a TAA petition and how the state will ensure the provision of appropriate career service to workers in the groups identified in the petition (TAA Sec. 221(a)(2)(A)).

(b) Adult and Dislocated Worker Program Requirements.

- (1) <u>Work-Based Training Models</u>. If the State is utilizing work-based training models (e.g. on-the-job training, incumbent worker training, transitional jobs, and customized training) as part of its training strategy and these strategies are not already discussed in other sections of the plan, describe the State's strategies for how these models ensure high quality training for both the participant and the employer.
- (2) <u>Registered Apprenticeship</u>. Describe how the State will incorporate Registered Apprenticeship into its strategy for service design and delivery (e.g., outreach to sponsors and prospective sponsors, identifying potential participants and connecting them to apprenticeship opportunities).
- (3) <u>Training Provider Eligibility Procedure</u>. Provide the procedure, eligibility criteria, and information requirements for determining training provider initial and continued eligibility, including Registered Apprenticeship programs (WIOA Section 122).
- (4) Describe how the State will implement and monitor for the Adult Priority of Service requirement in WIOA section 134 (c)(3)(E) that requires American Job Center staff, when using WIOA Adult program funds to provide individualized career services and training services, to give priority of service to recipients of public assistance, low-income individuals, and individuals who are basic skills deficient (including English language learners).
- (5) Describe the State's criteria regarding local area transfer of funds between the adult and dislocated worker programs.
- (6) Describe the State's policy on WIOA and TAA co-enrollment and whether and how often this policy is disseminated to the local workforce development boards and required one-stop partners Trade Act Sec. 239(f), Sec. 235, 20 CFR 618.325, 20 CFR 618.824(a)(3)(i).
- (7) Describe the State's formal strategy to ensure that WIOA and TAA co-enrolled participants receive necessary funded benefits and services. Trade Act Sec. 239(f), Sec. 235, 20 CFR 618.816(c)
- (8) Describe the State's process for familiarizing one-stop staff with the TAA program. 20 CFR 618.804(j), 20 CFR 618.305
- (c) <u>Youth Program Requirements</u>. With respect to youth workforce investment activities authorized in section 129 of WIOA, States should describe their strategies that will support the implementation of youth activities under WIOA. State's must-
 - (1) Identify the State-developed criteria to be used by local boards in awarding grants or contracts for youth workforce investment activities and describe how the local boards will take into consideration the ability of the providers to meet performance accountability measures based on primary indicators of performance for the youth program as described in section 116(b)(2)(A)(ii) of WIOA.⁸ Further, include a description of

⁸ Sec. 102(b)(2)(D)(i)(V)

- how the State assists local areas in determining whether to contract for services or to provide some or all of the program elements directly.
- (2) Explain how the State assists local workforce boards in achieving equitable results for out-of-school and in-school youth. Describe promising practices or partnership models that local areas are implementing and the state's role in supporting and scaling those models within the state for both in-school and out-of-school youth.
- (3) Describe how the State assists local workforce boards in implementing innovative models for delivering youth workforce investment activities, including effective ways local workforce boards can make available the 14 program elements described in WIOA section 129(c)(2); and explain how local areas can ensure work experience, including quality pre-apprenticeship and registered apprenticeship, is prioritized as a key element within a broader career pathways strategy.
- (4) Provide the language contained in the State policy for "requiring additional assistance to enter or complete an educational program, or to secure and hold employment" criterion for out-of-school youth specified in WIOA section 129(a)(1)(B)(iii)(VIII) and for "requiring additional assistance to complete an education program, or to secure and hold employment" criterion for in-school youth specified in WIOA section 129(a)(1)(C)(iv)(VII). If the state does not have a policy, describe how the state will ensure that local areas will have a policy for these criteria.
- (d) <u>Single-area State requirements</u>. In States where there is only one local workforce investment area, the governor serves as both the State and local chief elected official. In such cases, the State must submit any information required in the local plan (WIOA section 106(d)(2)). States with a single workforce area must include—
 - (1) Any comments from the public comment period that represent disagreement with the Plan. (WIOA section 108(d)(3).)
 - (2) The entity responsible for the disbursal of grant funds, as determined by the governor, if different from that for the State. (WIOA section 108(b)(15).)
 - (3) A description of the type and availability of WIOA title I Youth activities and successful models, including for youth with disabilities. (WIOA section 108(b)(9).)
 - (4) A description of the roles and resource contributions of the one-stop partners.
 - (5) The competitive process used to award the subgrants and contracts for title I activities.
 - (6) How training services outlined in section 134 will be provided through individual training accounts and/or through contracts, and how such training approaches will be coordinated. Describe how the State will meet informed customer choice requirements regardless of training approach.
 - (7) How the State Board, in fulfilling Local Board functions, will coordinate title I activities with those activities under title II. Describe how the State Board will carry out the review of local applications submitted under title II consistent with WIOA secs. 107(d)(11)(A) and (B)(i) and WIOA sec. 232.
 - (8) Copies of executed cooperative agreements which define how all local service providers will carry out the requirements for integration of and access to the entire set of services available in the one-stop delivery system, including cooperative agreements with entities administering Rehabilitation Act programs and services.

- (e) <u>Waiver Requests (optional)</u>. States wanting to request waivers as part of their title I-B Operational Plan must include a waiver plan that includes the following information for each waiver requested:
 - (1) Identifies the statutory or regulatory requirements for which a waiver is requested and the goals that the State or local area, as appropriate, intends to achieve as a result of the waiver and how those goals relate to the Unified or Combined State Plan;
 - (2) Describes the actions that the State or local area, as appropriate, has undertaken to remove State or local statutory or regulatory barriers;
 - (3) Describes the goals of the waiver and the expected programmatic outcomes if the request is granted;
 - (4) Describes how the waiver will align with the Department's policy priorities, such as:
 - (A) supporting employer engagement;
 - (B) connecting education and training strategies;
 - (C) supporting work-based learning;
 - (D) improving job and career results, and
 - (E) other guidance issued by the Department.
 - (5) Describes the individuals affected by the waiver, including how the waiver will impact services for disadvantaged populations or individuals with multiple barriers to employment; and
 - (6) Describes the processes used to:
 - (A) Monitor the progress in implementing the waiver;
 - (B) Provide notice to any local board affected by the waiver;
 - (C) Provide any local board affected by the waiver an opportunity to comment on the request;
 - (D) Ensure meaningful public comment, including comment by business and organized labor, on the waiver.
 - (E) Collect and report information about waiver outcomes in the State's WIOA Annual Report.
 - (7) The most recent data available regarding the results and outcomes observed through implementation of the existing waiver, in cases where the State seeks renewal of a previously approved waiver.

TITLE I-B ASSURANCES

The Sta	te Plan must include assurances that:
1.	The State has implemented a policy to ensure Adult program funds provide a priority in the delivery of training services and individualized career services to individuals who are low income, public assistance recipients and basic skills deficient;
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2.	The State has implemented a policy to ensure local areas have a process in place for referring veterans with significant barriers to employment to career services provided by the JVSG program's Disabled Veterans' Outreach Program (DVOP) specialist;
3.	The State has established a written policy and procedure that set forth criteria to be used by chief elected officials for the appointment of local workforce investment board members;
4.	The State established written policy and procedures to ensure local workforce investment boards are certified by the governor every two years in accordance with WIOA section 107(c)(2);
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5.	Where an alternative entity takes the place of a State Board, the State has written policy and procedures to ensure the alternative entity meets the definition under WIOA section 101(e) and the legal requirements for membership;
6.	The State established a written policy and procedure for how the individuals and entities represented on the State Workforce Development Board help to determine the methods and factors of distribution, and how the State consults
	with chief elected officials in local areas throughout the State in determining the distributions;
7.	The State will not use funds received under WIOA Title I to assist, promote, or deter union organizing in accordance with WIOA section 181(b)(7);

8.	The State distributes adult and youth funds received under WIOA equitably throughout the State, and no local area suffers significant shifts in funding from year-to-year during the period covered by this plan;
9.	If a State Workforce Development Board, department, or agency administers State laws for vocational rehabilitation of persons with disabilities, that board, department, or agency cooperates with the agency that administers Wagner-Peyser services, Adult and Dislocated Worker programs and Youth Programs under Title I;
10.	The State agrees to report on the impact and outcomes of its approved waivers in its WIOA Annual Report.
11.	The State has taken appropriate action to secure compliance with the Uniform Guidance at 2 CFR 200 and 2 CFR 2900, including that the State will annually monitor local areas to ensure compliance and otherwise take appropriate action to secure compliance with the Uniform Guidance under section WIOA 184(a)(3);

WAGNER-PEYSER ACT PROGRAM (Employment Service)

(a) Employment Service Staff.

- (1) Describe how the State will staff the provision of labor exchange services under the Wagner-Peyser Act, such as through State employees, including but not limited to state merit staff employees, staff of a subrecipient, or some combination thereof.
- (2) Describe how the State will utilize professional development activities for Employment Service staff to ensure staff is able to provide high quality services to both jobseekers and employers.
- (3) Describe strategies developed to support training and awareness across core programs and the Unemployment Insurance (UI) program and the training provided for Employment Service and WIOA staff on identification of UI eligibility issues and referral to UI staff for adjudication.
- (b) Explain how the State will provide information and meaningful assistance to individuals requesting assistance in filing a claim for unemployment compensation through one-stop centers, as required by WIOA as a career service.
- (c) <u>Describe the State's strategy for providing reemployment assistance to UI claimants and other unemployed individuals</u>.
- (d) <u>Describe how the State will use Wagner-Peyser Act funds to support UI claimants, and the communication between the Employment Service and UI, as appropriate including the following:</u>
 - (1) Coordination of and provision of labor exchange services for UI claimants as required by the Wagner-Peyser Act:.
 - (2) Registration of UI claimants with the State's employment service if required by State law;
 - (3) Administration of the work test for the State unemployment compensation system, including making eligibility assessments (for referral to UI adjudication, if needed), and providing job finding and placement services for UI claimants; and
 - (4) Provision of referrals to and application assistance for training and education programs and resources.
- (e) <u>Agricultural Outreach Plan (AOP)</u>. Each State agency must develop an AOP every four years as part of the Unified or Combined State Plan required under sections 102 or 103 of WIOA. The AOP must include an assessment of need.
 - (1) Assessment of Need. Provide an assessment of the unique needs of farmworkers in the area based on past and projected agricultural and farmworker activity in the State. Such needs may include but are not limited to: employment, training, and housing.
 - (2) Provide an assessment of the agricultural activity in the State: 1) identify the top five labor-intensive crops, the months of heavy activity, and the geographic area of prime activity; 2) Summarize the agricultural employers' needs in the State (i.e. are they predominantly hiring local or foreign workers, are they expressing that there is a scarcity in the agricultural workforce); and 3) Identify any economic, natural, or other factors that are affecting agriculture in the State or any projected factors that will affect agriculture in the State.
 - (3) Provide an assessment of the unique needs of farmworkers by summarizing

Migrant and Seasonal Farm Worker (MSFW) characteristics (including if they are predominantly from certain countries, what language(s) they speak, the approximate number of MSFWs in the State during peak season and during low season, and whether they tend to be migrant, seasonal, or yearround farmworkers). This information must take into account data supplied by WIOA Section 167 National Farmworker Jobs Program (NFJP) grantees, other MSFW organizations, employer organizations, and State and/or Federal agency data sources such as the U.S. Department of Agriculture and the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) Employment and Training Administration.

- (4) <u>Outreach Activities</u>. The local offices outreach activities must be designed to meet the needs of MSFWs in the State and to locate and contact MSFWs who are not being reached through normal intake activities. Describe the State agency's proposed strategies for:
 - (1) Contacting farmworkers who are not being reached by the normal intake activities conducted by the employment service offices.
 - (2) Providing technical assistance to outreach staff. Technical assistance must include trainings, conferences, additional resources, and increased collaboration with other organizations on topics such as one-stop center services (i.e. availability of referrals to training, supportive services, and career services, as well as specific employment opportunities), the Employment Service and Employment-Related Law Complaint System ("Complaint System" described at 20 CFR 658 Subpart E), information on the other organizations serving MSFWs in the area, and a basic summary of farmworker rights, including their rights with respect to the terms and conditions of employment. (3) Increasing outreach staff training and awareness across core programs including the Unemployment Insurance (UI) program and the training on identification of UI eligibility issues.
 - (4) Providing outreach staff professional development activities to ensure they are able to provide high quality services to both jobseekers and employers.
 - (5) Coordinating outreach efforts with NFJP grantees as well as with public and private community service agencies and MSFW groups.
- (5) <u>Services provided to farmworkers and agricultural employers through the one-stop delivery system.</u> Describe the State agency's proposed strategies for:
 - (A) Providing the full range of employment and training services to the agricultural community, both farmworkers and agricultural employers, through the one-stop delivery system. This includes:
 - (i) How career and training services required under WIOA Title I will be provided to MSFWs through the one-stop centers; and
 - (ii) How the State serves agricultural employers and how it intends to improve such services.
 - (B) Marketing the Complaint System to farmworkers and other farmworker advocacy groups.
 - (C) Marketing the Agricultural Recruitment System for U.S. Workers (ARS) to agricultural employers and how it intends to improve such publicity.
- (6) Other Requirements.
 - (A) *Collaboration*. Describe any collaborative agreements the State Workforce Agency (SWA) has with other MSFW service providers including NFJP grantees and other service providers.

- Describe how the SWA intends to build upon/increase collaboration with existing partners and establish new partners over the next four years (including any approximate timelines for establishing agreements or building upon existing agreements).
- (B) Review and Public Comment. In developing the AOP, the SWA must solicit information and suggestions from NFJP grantees, other appropriate MSFW groups, public agencies, agricultural employer organizations, and other interested organizations. In addition, at least 45 calendar days before submitting its final AOP, the SWA must provide a proposed plan to NFJP grantees, public agencies, agricultural employer organizations, and other organizations expressing an interest and allow at least 30 days for review and comment. The SWA must: 1) Consider any comments received in formulating its final proposed AOP; 2) Inform all commenting parties in writing whether their comments have been incorporated and, if not, the reasons therefore; and 3) Transmit the comments and recommendations received and its responses with the submission of the AOP.
 - i. The AOP must include a statement confirming NFJP grantees, other appropriate MSFW groups, public agencies, agricultural employer organizations and other interested employer organizations have been given an opportunity to comment on the AOP. Include the list of organizations from which information and suggestions were solicited, any comments received, and responses to those comments.
- (C) Data Assessment. Review the previous four years Wagner-Peyser Act data reports on performance. Note whether the State has been meeting its goals to provide MSFWs quantitatively proportionate services as compared to non-MSFWs. If it has not met these goals, explain why the State believes such goals were not met and how the State intends to improve its provision of services in order to meet such goals.
- (D) Assessment of progress. The plan must include an explanation of what was achieved based on the previous AOP, what was not achieved and an explanation as to why the State believes the goals were not achieved, and how the State intends to remedy the gaps of achievement in the coming year.
- (E) State Monitor Advocate. The plan must contain a statement confirming the State Monitor Advocate has reviewed and approved the AOP.

WAGNER-PEYSER ASSURANCES

The State	The State Plan must include assurances that:	
1.	The Wagner-Peyser Act Employment Service is co-located with one-stop centers or a plan and timeline has been developed to comply with this requirement within a reasonable amount of time. (sec 121(e)(3));	
2.	If the State has significant MSFW one-stop centers, the State agency is complying with the requirements under 20 CFR 653.111, State Workforce Agency staffing requirements;	

3.	If a State Workforce Development Board, department, or agency administers State laws for vocational rehabilitation of persons with disabilities, that board, department, or agency cooperates with the agency that administers Wagner-Peyser Act services, Adult and Dislocated Worker programs and Youth Programs under Title I; and
4.	 SWA officials: Initiate the discontinuation of services; Make the determination that services need to be discontinued; Make the determination to reinstate services after the services have been discontinued; Approve corrective action plans; Approve the removal of an employer's clearance orders from interstate or intrastate clearance if the employer was granted conditional access to ARS and did not come into compliance within 5 calendar days; Enter into agreements with State and Federal enforcement agencies for enforcement-agency staff to conduct field checks on the SWAs' behalf (if the SWA so chooses); and Decide whether to consent to the withdrawal of complaints if a party who requested a hearing wishes to withdraw its request for hearing in writing before the hearing.
5.	The SWA has established and maintains a self-appraisal system for ES operations to determine success in reaching goals and to correct deficiencies in performance (20 CFR 658.601).

ADULT EDUCATION AND FAMILY LITERACY ACT PROGRAM

The Unified or Combined State Plan must include a description of the following as it pertains to adult education and literacy programs and activities under title II of WIOA, the Adult Education and Family Literacy Act (AEFLA).

- (a) <u>Aligning of Content Standards</u>. Describe how the eligible agency has aligned its content standards for adult education with State-adopted challenging academic content standards, as adopted under section 1111(b)(1) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended (20 U.S.C. 6311(b)(1)).
- (b) <u>Local Activities</u>. Describe how the eligible agency will, using the considerations specified in section 231(e) of WIOA and in accordance with 34 CFR 463 subpart C, fund each eligible provider to establish or operate programs that provide any of the following adult education and literacy activities identified in section 203 of WIOA, including programs that provide such activities concurrently. The Unified or Combined State Plan must include at a minimum the scope, content, and organization of these local activities.

Adult Education and Literacy Activities (Section 203 of WIOA)

Adult education;

Literacy;

Workplace adult education and literacy activities;

Family literacy activities;

English language acquisition activities;

Integrated English literacy and civics education;

Workforce preparation activities; or

Integrated education and training that—

- 1. Provides adult education and literacy activities, concurrently and contextually with both, workforce preparation activities, and workforce training for a specific occupation or occupational cluster, and
- 2. Is for the purpose of educational and career advancement.

Special Rule. Each eligible agency awarding a grant or contract under this section shall not use any funds made available under this title for adult education and literacy activities for the purpose of supporting or providing programs, services, or activities for individuals who are under the age of 16 and are enrolled or required to be enrolled in secondary school under State law, except that such agency may use such funds for such purpose if such programs, services, or activities are related to family literacy activities. In providing family literacy activities under this title, an eligible provider shall attempt to coordinate with programs and services that are not assisted under this title prior to using funds for adult education and literacy activities under this title for activities other than activities for eligible individuals.

(c) <u>Corrections Education and other Education of Institutionalized Individuals</u>. Describe how the eligible agency will, using the considerations specified in section 231(e) of WIOA and in accordance with 34 CFR 463 subpart C, fund eligible providers to establish or operate programs that provide any of the following correctional educational programs identified in section 225 of WIOA:

- Adult education and literacy activities;
- Special education, as determined by the eligible agency;
- Secondary school credit;
- Integrated education and training;
- Career pathways;
- Concurrent enrollment;
- Peer tutoring; and
- Transition to re-entry initiatives and other post release services with the goal of reducing recidivism.

Each eligible agency using funds provided under Programs for Corrections Education and Other Institutionalized Individuals to carry out a program for criminal offenders within a correctional institution must give priority to serving individuals who are likely to leave the correctional institution within 5 years of participation in the program.

(d) <u>Integrated English Literacy and Civics Education Program</u>. Describe how the eligible agency will, using the considerations specified in section 231(e) of WIOA and in accordance with 34 CFR 463 subpart C, fund eligible providers to establish or operate Integrated English Literacy and Civics Education (IELCE) programs under section 243 of WIOA. Describe how adult English language learners, including professionals with degrees and credentials in their native countries, are served in IELCE programs.

Describe how the Integrated English Literacy and Civics Education program under section 243(a) of WIOA will be offered in combination with integrated education and training activities found in 34 CFR section 463.36.

Describe how the Integrated English Literacy and Civics Education program under section 243(a) of WIOA will include instruction in literacy and English language acquisition and instruction on the rights and responsibilities of citizenship and civic participation.

Describe how the Integrated English Literacy and Civics Education program under section 243(a) of WIOA will be designed to prepare adults who are English language learners for, and place such adults in, unsubsidized employment in in-demand industries and occupations that lead to economic self-sufficiency.

Describe how the Integrated English Literacy and Civics Education program under section 243(a) of WIOA will be designed to integrate with the local workforce development system and its functions to carry out the activities of the program.

(e) <u>State Leadership</u>. Describe how the State will use the funds to carry out the required State Leadership activities under section 223 of WIOA.

Describe how the State will use the funds to carry out permissible State Leadership Activities under section 223 of WIOA, if applicable.

(f) <u>Assessing Quality</u>. Describe how the eligible agency will assess the quality of providers of adult education and literacy activities under title II. Describe how the eligible agency will take actions to improve such quality, including providing the activities described in section 223(a)(1)(B) of WIOA. Describe how the eligible agency will use evaluations, data analysis, program monitoring, or other methods to improve the quality of adult education activities in the State.

ADULT EDUCATION AND FAMILY LITERACY ACT PROGRAM CERTIFICATIONS AND ASSURANCES

State	States must provide written and signed certifications that:	
1.	The plan is submitted by the State agency that is eligible to submit the plan;	
2.	The State agency has authority under State law to perform the functions of the State under the program;	
3.	The State legally may carry out each provision of the plan;	
4.	All provisions of the plan are consistent with State law;	
5.	A State officer, specified by title in the certification, has authority under State law to receive, hold, and disburse Federal funds made available under the plan;	
6.	The State officer who is submitting the plan, specified by the title in the certification, has authority to submit the plan;	
	409	
7.	The agency that is submitting the plan has adopted or otherwise formally approved the plan; and	
8.	The plan is the basis for State operation and administration of the program;	
The	State Plan must include assurances that:	
1.	The eligible agency will expend funds appropriated to carry out title II of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) only in a manner consistent with fiscal requirements under section 241(a) of WIOA (regarding the supplement-not-supplant requirement);	
2.	The eligible agency will ensure that there is at least one eligible provider serving each local area, as defined in section 3(32) of WIOA;	

3.	The eligible agency will not use any funds made available under title II of WIOA for the purpose of supporting or providing programs, services, or activities for individuals who are not "eligible individuals" within the meaning of section 203(4) of WIOA, unless it is providing programs, services or activities related to family literacy activities, as defined in section 203(9) of WIOA;
4.	Using funds made available under title II of WIOA to carry out a program for criminal offenders within a correctional institution, the eligible agency will give priority to serving individuals who are likely to leave the correctional institution within five years of participation in the program.
5.	The eligible agency agrees that in expending funds made available under Title II of WIOA, the eligible agency will comply with sections 8301 through 8303 of the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 8301-8303).

Section 427 of the General Education Provisions Act (GEPA)

Instructions: In the text box below, describe the steps the applicant proposes to take to ensure equitable access to, and participation in, its Federally-assisted program for students, teachers, and other program beneficiaries with special needs provide the information to meet the requirements of Section 427 of the General Education Provisions Act (GEPA), consistent with the following instructions. Click here to enter text.

OMB Control No. 1894-0005 (Exp. 04/30/2020)

NOTICE TO ALL APPLICANTS

Review the linked document. Where "applicant" is mentioned, that refers to the State eligible agency and "application" refers to the state plan. This element does not apply to local providers for state plan purposes. State eligible agencies are required to maintain local GEPA responses separately from the state plan. The State eligible agency must provide a response to GEPA regarding use of AEFLA State Administration and State Leadership funds in the State Plan.

The purpose of this enclosure is to inform you about the following provision in the Department of Education's General Education Provisions Act (GEPA) that applies to applicants for new grant awards under Department programs. This provision is Section 427 of GEPA, enacted as part of the Improving America's Schools Act of 1994 (Public Law (P.L.) 103-382).

To Whom Does This Provision Apply?

Section 427 of GEPA affects applicants for new grant awards under this program. ALL APPLICANTS FOR NEW AWARDS MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION IN THEIR APPLICATIONS TO ADDRESS THIS NEW PROVISION IN ORDER TO RECEIVE FUNDING UNDER THIS PROGRAM.

(If this program is a State-formula grant program, a State needs to provide this description only for projects or activities that it carries out with funds reserved for State-level uses. In addition, local school districts or other eligible applicants that apply to the State for funding need to provide this description in their applications to the State for funding. The State would be responsible for ensuring that the school district or other local entity has submitted a sufficient section 427 statement as described below.)

What Does This Provision Require?

Section 427 requires each applicant for funds (other than an individual person) to include in its application a description of the steps the applicant proposes to take to ensure equitable access to, and participation in, its Federally-assisted program for students, teachers, and other program beneficiaries with special needs. This provision allows applicants discretion in developing the required description. The statute highlights six types of barriers that can impede equitable access or participation: gender, race, national origin, color, disability, or age. Based on local circumstances, you should determine whether these or other barriers may prevent your students, teachers, etc. from such access or participation in, the Federally-funded project or activity. The description in your application of steps to be taken to overcome these barriers need not be lengthy; you may provide a clear and succinct description of how you plan to address those barriers that are applicable to your circumstances. In addition, the information may be provided in a single narrative, or, if appropriate, may be discussed in connection with related topics in the application.

Section 427 is not intended to duplicate the requirements of civil rights statutes, but rather to ensure that, in designing their projects, applicants for Federal funds address equity concerns that may affect the ability of certain potential beneficiaries to fully participate in the project and to achieve to high standards. Consistent with program requirements and its approved application, an applicant may use the Federal funds awarded to it to eliminate barriers it identifies.

What are Examples of How an Applicant Might Satisfy the Requirement of This Provision?

The following examples may help illustrate how an applicant may comply with Section 427.

- (1) An applicant that proposes to carry out an adult literacy project serving, among others, adults with limited English proficiency, might describe in its application how it intends to distribute a brochure about the proposed project to such potential participants in their native language.
- (2) An applicant that proposes to develop instructional materials for classroom use might describe how it will make the materials available on audio tape or in braille for students who are blind.
- (3) An applicant that proposes to carry out a model science program for secondary students and is concerned that girls may be less likely than boys to enroll in the course, might indicate how it intends to conduct "outreach" efforts to girls, to encourage their enrollment.

(4) An applicant that proposes a project to increase school safety might describe the special efforts it will take to address concern of lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender students, and efforts to reach out to and involve the families of LGBT students

We recognize that many applicants may already be implementing effective steps to ensure equity of access and participation in their grant programs, and we appreciate your cooperation in responding to the requirements of this provision.

Estimated Burden Statement for GEPA Requirements

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless such collection displays a valid OMB control number. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1.5 hours per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. The obligation to respond to this collection is required to obtain or retain benefit (Public Law 103-382. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Ave., SW, Washington, DC 20210-4537 or email ICDocketMgr@ed.gov and reference the OMB Control Number 1894-0005.

- 1. <u>SF424B Assurances Non-Construction Programs</u> (http://www2.ed.gov/fund/grant/apply/appforms/appforms.html)
- 2. <u>Grants.gov Certification Regarding Lobbying</u> (http://www2.ed.gov/fund/grant/apply/appforms/appforms.html)
- 3. <u>SF LLL Form Disclosure of Lobbying Activities (required, only if applicable)</u> (http://www2.ed.gov/fund/grant/apply/appforms/appforms.html)

VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION

Program-Specific Requirements for State Vocational Rehabilitation Services Program

The Vocational Rehabilitation (VR) Services Portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan must include the following descriptions and estimates, as required by sections 101(a) and 606 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended by title IV of WIOA.

(a) State Rehabilitation Council. All VR agencies, except for those that have an independent consumer-controlled commission, must have a State Rehabilitation Council (Council or SRC) that meets the criteria in section 105 of the Rehabilitation Act. The designated State agency or designated State unit, as applicable, has (select A or B): [check box] (A) is an independent State commission.

[X] (B) has established a State Rehabilitation Council.

In accordance with Assurance 3(b), please provide information on the current composition of the Council by representative type, including the term number of the representative, as applicable, and any vacancies, as well as the beginning dates of each representative's term.

	Current Term	Beginning Date of
Council Representative	Number/ Vacant	Term Mo./Yr.
Statewide Independent Living Council (SILC)	1	7/2022
Parent Training and Information Center	2	7/2022
Client Assistance Program	1	Exempt
Qualified Vocational Rehabilitation (VR) Counselor (Ex Officio if Employed by the VR Agency)	1	7/2023
Community Rehabilitation Program Service Provider	1	7/2021
Business, Industry, and Labor	1	7/2021
Business, Industry, and Labor	1	7/2023
Business, Industry, and Labor	Vacant	
Business, Industry, and Labor	Vacant	
Disability Advocacy Groups	2	7/2022
Current or Former Applicants for, or Recipients of, VR services	1	7/2021
Section 121 Project Directors in the State (as applicable)	N/A	
State Educational Agency Responsible for Students with Disabilities Eligible to Receive Services under Part B of the	1	7/2023
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)		

State Workforce Development Board	1	7/2023
VR Agency Director (Ex Officio)	1	Exempt
Disability Advocacy Groups	2	7/2022
Disability Advocacy Groups	2	7/2022
Disability Advocacy Groups	2	7/2022
Disability Advocacy Groups	2	7/2023

If the SRC is not meeting the composition requirements in section 105(b) of the Rehabilitation Act and/or is not meeting quarterly as required in section 105(f) of the Rehabilitation Act, provide the steps that the VR agency is taking to ensure it meets those requirements.

N/A

In accordance with the requirements in section 101(a)(21)(A)(ii)(III) of the Rehabilitation Act, include a summary of the Council's input (including how it was obtained) into the State Plan and any State Plan revisions, including recommendations from the Council's annual reports, the review and analysis of consumer satisfaction and other Council reports.

The Hawaii State Rehabilitation Council (SRC) is the advisory and oversight body for the Hawaii Division of Vocational Rehabilitation (HDVR). SRC members make recommendations for establishing priorities and provide requests to DVR for sharing key information with advisory members to inform recommendations. the Hawaii State Rehabilitation Council (SRC) plays an important role as the advisory and oversight body for the Hawaii Division of Vocational Rehabilitation (HDVR). SRC members are responsible for making recommendations to establish priorities and provide requests to DVR for sharing key information with advisory members to inform recommendations The SRC members are nominate by the Governonor and confirmed. and confirmed by Legislature.

DVR provides information to the SRC at every quarterly meeting; DVR's data and updates. DVR provides the Consumer Satisfaction Survey Final Report when it is available to DVR along with a presentation of the results from the vendor who conducted the survey with a question/answer session to ensure comprehension and understanding. In addition, DVR provides the Triennial Comprehensive Statewide Needs Assessments Final Report when it is available to DVR. The SRC State Plan Committee convenes and presents their recommendations to DVR, which DVR took into consideration when revising policies and procedures and incorporate into the State Plan. The SRC is provided with a DVR Liaison to request any additional information as needed.

SRC Input:

Based on an initial review of the draft DVR portion of the State Plan, the SRC's State Plan Committee provided feedback for DVR administration supporting the draft of the Unified State Plan PY 2024-2027 with the Goals, Priorities and Strategies, We appreciate DVR for responding and including the recommendations that the Needs Assessment Committee provided on the most recent CSNA at the SRC 3rd Quarterly Meeting on May 19, 2023:

- DVR Priority 1: To Increase Employer Engagement was SRC's #3 Recommendation: Increase Employer Engagement and services for DVR Consumers during employment.
- DVR Priority 2: To provide Supported Employment Services to individuals with most significant disabilities. SRC's #1: Consumer access and engagement with DVR services.
- DVR Priority 3: To Provide Pre-Employment Transition Services. SRC's #4: Empowering transition youth with disabilities to develop self-advocacy skills and access services in underserved areas.
- DVR Priority 4: To develop common data collection for Unified State Plan: SRC's # 5: Additional Training and Support Needs: to include financial literacy, benefits planning, digital literacy assessments and training, and technology resources.

We understand this process will be a joint effort with other State Stakeholders. The SRC wants to support DVR in ensuring that the Priorities are presented and put into practice and that it is genuinely a Shared Statewide Plan. We look forward to your progress reports at our Quarterly Meetings.

Hawaii's SRC members are dedicated to working with DVR to develop strategic elements of planning to ensure DVR is focusing on the correct targets, and that the partnership is proactive to support community needs. SRC wants DVR to understand that the SRC is here in a supportive role for planning services while also being an advocate for individuals with disabilities.

Provide the VR agency's response to the Council's input and recommendations, including an explanation for rejecting any input and recommendations.

[text box: List each recommendation/input followed by the VR agency response]

DVR continues to have a good working relationship with the SRC. DVR historically has not rejected any SRC input and appreciates all their feedback, recommendations, and advocacy to improve services for individuals with disabilities.

- (b) Comprehensive Statewide Needs Assessment (CSNA). Section 101(a)(15), (17), and (23) of the Rehabilitation Act require VR agencies to provide an assessment of:
- (1) The VR services needs of individuals with disabilities residing within the State, including:
 - (A) Individuals with the most significant disabilities and their need for Supported Employment; [text box]

- (B) Individuals with disabilities who are minorities and individuals with disabilities who have been unserved or underserved by the VR program; [text box]
- (C) Individuals with disabilities served through other components of the workforce development system; and [text box]
- (D) Youth with disabilities, including students with disabilities and their need for pre-employment transition services. Include an assessment of the needs of individuals with disabilities for transition career services and pre-employment transition services, and the extent to which such services are coordinated with transition services provided under IDEA.

 [text box]
- (2) Identify the need to establish, develop, or improve community rehabilitation programs within the State. [text box]
- (c) Goals, Priorities, and Strategies. Section 101(a)(15) and (23) of the Rehabilitation Act require VR agencies to describe the goals and priorities of the State in carrying out the VR and Supported Employment programs. The goals and priorities are based on (1) the most recent CSNA, including any updates; (2) the State's performance under the performance accountability measures of section 116 of WIOA; and (3) other available information on the operation and effectiveness of the VR program, including any reports received from the SRC and findings and recommendations from monitoring activities conducted under section 107 of the Rehabilitation Act. VR agencies must—
- (1) Describe how the SRC and the VR agency jointly developed and agreed to the goals and priorities and any revisions; and

The Triennial Comprehensive Statewide Needs Assessment (CSNA) is jointly conducted by the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation (DVR), the State Rehabilitation Council (SRC), stakeholders, and the Interwork Institute at San Diego State University (SDSU). Supporting access, awareness, and participation in the CSNA by people with disabilities and stakeholders is a top priority of the SRC. The purpose of the CSNA is to provide DVR and the SRC with information pertinent to the allocation of resources, to the development of VR Section of the Unified State Plan (USP), and to comply with the needs assessment mandate in the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended.

The most current CSNA for Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2018-2020 which covers the period of October 1, 2018 - September 30,2020 was completed in September 2022. DVR and the SRC utilized the information from the assessment to address the VR services needs of individuals with disabilities statewide in the Goals and Priorities section in the Program Year (PY) 2024-2027 USP which covers the period of July 1, 2024 – June 30, 2027.

The next CSNA will be for FFY 2021-2023 which covers the period of October 1, 2021 - September 30, 2023. This contract is currently being reviewed by the state Attorney General (AG) and SDSU with an expected execution date

of February 1, 2024 with the Final Report completed by December 31, 2024. DVR will work with the SRC and other stakeholders to review the findings and determine Goals and Priorities to implement into the modified USP, July 1, 2026.

- (2) Identify measurable goals and priorities in carrying out the VR and Supported Employment programs and the basis for selecting the goals and priorities (e.g., CSNA, performance accountability measures, SRC recommendations, monitoring, other information). As required in section 101(a)(15)(D), (18), and (23), describe under each goal or priority, the strategies or methods used to achieve the goal or priority, including as applicable, description of strategies or methods that—
 - (A) Support innovation and expansion activities;
 - (B) Overcome barriers to accessing VR and supported employment services;
 - (C) Improve and expand VR services for students with disabilities, including the coordination of services designed to facilitate the transition of such students from school to postsecondary life (including the receipt of VR services, post
 - secondary education, employment, and pre-employment transition services); and
 - (D) Improve the performance of the VR and Supported Employment programs in assisting individuals with disabilities to achieve quality employment outcomes.
 [text box: List and number each goal/priority, noting the basis, and under each goal/priority, list and number the strategies to achieve the goal/priority]
- (d) Evaluation and Reports of Progress: VR and Supported Employment Goals. For the most recently completed program year, provide an evaluation and report of progress for the goals or priorities, including progress on the strategies under each goal or priority, applicable to that program year. Sections 101(a)(15) and 101(a)(23) of the Rehabilitation Act require VR agencies to describe—
- (1) Progress in achieving the goals and priorities identified for the VR and Supported Employment Programs;

FFY2023 funds expended

Salaries and benefits	4,610,837
Admin	3,980,319
VR Case Services	2,276,680
Pre-ETS	1,246,980
Supported Employment	107,908

TOTAL	12,222,724

- (2) Performance on the performance accountability indicators under section 116 of WIOA for the most recently completed program year, reflecting actual and negotiated levels of performance. Explain any discrepancies in the actual and negotiated levels; and [text box]
- (3) The use of funds reserved for innovation and expansion activities (sections 101(a)(18) and 101(a)(23) of the Rehabilitation Act) (e.g., SRC, SILC).

FFY2023 funds used SRC \$16,223 SILC \$362,916

(e) Supported Employment Services, Distribution of Title VI Funds, and Arrangements and Cooperative Agreements for the Provision of Supported Employment Services.

- (1) Acceptance of title VI funds:
 - (A) [X] VR agency requests to receive title VI funds.
 - (B)
 - (C) [check box] VR agency does NOT elect to receive title VI funds and understands that supported employment services must still be provided under title I.
- (2) If the VR agency has elected to receive title VI funds, Section 606(b)(3) of the Rehabilitation Act requires VR agencies to include specific goals and priorities with respect to the distribution of title VI funds received under section 603 of the Rehabilitation Act for the provision of supported employment services. Describe the use of title VI funds and how they will be used in meeting the goals and priorities of the Supported Employment program.

 [text box]
- (3) Supported employment services may be provided with title 1 or title VI funds following placement of individuals with the most significant disabilities in employment. In accordance with section 101(a)(22) and section 606(b)(3) of the Rehabilitation Act, describe the quality, scope, and extent of supported employment services to be provided to individuals with the most significant disabilities, including youth with the most significant disabilities; and the timing of transition to extended services.

DVR has a Managed Service Provider (MSP) statewide contract in place for Supported Employment. The MSP provides sourcing, assignment, and management of assignments for services to DVR participants. The contractor is responsible for establishing, maintaining, and monitoring a network of subcontracted vendors (Vendor Network) for the provision of Supported Employment services. Participants have more informed choice as they can select their provider from a larger Vendor Network. VR Specialists (VRS), VR Participant, Participant's Guardian and other providers are part of the VR Participant's support team.

Steps in Supported Employment by Participant's Selected Vendor:

- 1. Intake Plan Development is attended by the Determine participant's service needs for supported employment and selection of appropriate vendor. Develop a plan which includes anticipated supports as outline in the Individualized Plan for Employment.
- 2. Provide support services and instruction necessary for the VR Participant to develop the skills stated in the intake plan.
- 3. Implement participant's IPE and supported employment services to include job development, job retention, job training, job coaching, observation, facilitation of natural supports at the worksite, and/or follow up services to reinforce and stabilize the employment.
- 4. Supported employment is provided up to twenty-four (24) months after the VR participant has obtained employment.
- 5. Extended services to maintain and achieve stability may be provided to youth with most significant disability up to four (4) years or until the youth reaches the age of twenty-five (25).
- 6. Plan for participant's transition to ongoing or long-term supports through on-worksite monitoring and off-site work monitoring.
- 7. Close participant's DVR case and transition to ongoing or long-term supports
- (4) Sections 101(a)(22) and 606(b)(4) of the Rehabilitation Act require the VR agency to describe efforts to identify and arrange, including entering into cooperative agreements, with other State agencies and other appropriate entities in order to provide supported employment services. The description must include extended services, as applicable, to individuals with the most significant disabilities, including the provision of extended services to youth with the most significant disabilities in accordance with 34 CFR 363.4(a) and 34 CFR 361.5(c)(19)(v).

 [text box]

(f) Annual Estimates. Sections 101(a)(15) and 101(a)(23) of the Rehabilitation Act require all VR agencies to annually conduct a full assessment of their resources and ability to serve all eligible individuals before the start of the Federal fiscal year. In accordance with 34 CFR § 361.29(b), annual estimates must include the following projections:

(1) Estimates for next Federal fiscal year—

(A) VR Program; and

Priority	No. of	No. of Eligible	Costs of	No. of Eligible
Category (if	Individuals	Individuals Expected	Services using	Individuals Not
applicable)	Eligible for	to Receive Services	Title I Funds	Receiving Services
	Services	under VR Program		(if applicable)
MSD	282	2,422	\$1,927,683	0
SD	118	1008	\$324,016	0
NSD	8	57	\$47,428	0

B. Supported Employment Program.

	2. Supported Emisso Jimono 11 ogrami				
		No. of Eligible			
	No. of	Individuals Expected to	Costs of	No. of Eligible	
Priority	Individuals	Receive Services under	Services using	Individuals Not	
Category (if	Eligible for	Supported Employment	Title I and Title	Receiving Services	
applicable)	Services	Program	VI Funds	(if applicable)	
MSD	40	336	\$116,207	0	

(g) Order of Selection.

[check box] The VR agency is **not** implementing an order of selection and all eligible individuals will be served.

[check box] The VR agency is implementing an order of selection with one or more categories closed.

Pursuant to section 101(a)(5) of the Rehabilitation Act, this description must be amended when the VR agency determines, based on the annual estimates described in description (f), that VR services cannot be provided to all eligible individuals with disabilities in the State who apply for and are determined eligible for services.

- (1) For VR agencies that have defined priority categories describe—
 - (A) The justification for the order; [text box]
 - (B) The order (priority categories) to be followed in selecting eligible individuals to be provided VR services ensuring that individuals with the most significant disabilities are selected for services before all other individuals with disabilities; and [text box]

^{*} VR agencies may maintain an order of selection policy and priority of eligible individuals without implementing or continuing to implement an order of selection.

- (C) The VR agency's goals for serving individuals in each priority category, including how the agency will assist eligible individuals assigned to closed priority categories with information and referral, the method in which the VR agency will manage waiting lists, and the projected timelines for opening priority categories. NOTE: Priority categories are considered open when all individuals in the priority category may be served. [text box]
- (2) Has the VR agency elected to serve eligible individuals outside of the order of selection who require specific services or equipment to maintain employment? [check box] Yes
 [X] No
- (h) Waiver of Statewideness. The State plan shall be in effect in all political subdivisions of the State, however, the Commissioner of the Rehabilitation Services Administration (Commissioner) may waive compliance with this requirement in accordance with section 101(a)(4) of the Rehabilitation Act and the implementing regulations in 34 CFR 361.26. If the VR agency is requesting a waiver of statewideness or has a previously approved waiver of statewideness, describe the types of services and the local entities providing such services under the waiver of statewideness and how the agency has complied with the requirements in 34 CFR 361.26. If the VR agency is not requesting or does not have an approved waiver of statewideness, please indicate "not applicable."

 [text box]
- (i) Comprehensive System of Personnel Development. In accordance with the requirements in section 101(a)(7) of the Rehabilitation Act, the VR agency must develop and maintain annually a description (consistent with the purposes of the Rehabilitation Act) of the VR agency's comprehensive system of personnel development, which shall include a description of the procedures and activities the VR agency will undertake to ensure it has an adequate supply of qualified State rehabilitation professionals and paraprofessionals that provides the following:
- (1) Analysis of current personnel and projected personnel needs including—
 - (A) The number and type of personnel that are employed by the VR agency in the provision of vocational rehabilitation services, including ratios of qualified vocational rehabilitation counselors to participants;
 - (B) The number of personnel currently needed by the VR agency to provide VR services, broken down by personnel category; and
 - (C) Projections of the number of personnel, broken down by personnel category, who will be needed by the VR agency to provide VR services in 5 years based on projections of the number of individuals to be served, including individuals with significant disabilities, the number of personnel expected to retire or leave the field, and other relevant factors.

			Projected No. of
	No. of Personnel	No. of Personnel	Personnel Needed in
Personnel Category	Employed	Currently Needed	5 Years

- (D) Ratio of qualified VR counselors to clients: [text box]
- (E) Projected number of individuals to be served in 5 years: [text box]
- (2) Data and information on personnel preparation and development, recruitment and retention, and staff development, including the following:
 - (A) A list of the institutions of higher education in the State that are preparing VR professionals, by type of program; the number of students enrolled at each of those institutions, broken down by type of program; and the number of students who graduated during the prior year from each of those institutions with certification or licensure, or with the credentials for certification or licensure, broken down by the personnel category for which they have received, or have the credentials to receive, certification or licensure.

Institute of Higher		No. of Students	No. of Prior Year
Education	Type of Program	Enrolled	Graduates
	16		
)	

- (B) The VR agency's plan for recruitment, preparation and retention of qualified personnel, which addresses the current and projected needs for qualified personnel; and the coordination and facilitation of efforts between the VR agency and institutions of higher education and professional associations to recruit, prepare, and retain personnel who are qualified, including personnel from minority backgrounds and personnel who are individuals with disabilities.

 [text box]
- (C) Description of staff development policies, procedures, and activities that ensure all personnel employed by the VR agency receive appropriate and adequate training and continuing education for professionals and paraprofessionals:
 - i. Particularly with respect to assessment, vocational counseling, job placement, and rehabilitation technology, including training implemented in coordination with entities carrying out State programs under section 4 of the Assistive Technology Act of 1998; and

- ii. Procedures for the acquisition and dissemination of significant knowledge from research and other sources to VR agency professionals and paraprofessionals and for providing training regarding the amendments to the Rehabilitation Act made by the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act. [text box]
- (3) Description of VR agency policies and procedures for the establishment and maintenance of personnel standards consistent with section 101(a)(7)(B) to ensure that VR agency professional and paraprofessional personnel are adequately trained and prepared, including—
 - (A) Standards that are consistent with any national or State-approved or -recognized certification, licensing, registration, or other comparable requirements that apply to the profession or discipline in which such personnel are providing VR services; and
 - (B) The establishment and maintenance of education and experience requirements, in accordance with section 101(a)(7)(B)(ii) of the Rehabilitation Act, to ensure that the personnel have a 21st century understanding of the evolving labor force and the needs of individuals with disabilities.

 [text box]
- (4) Method(s) the VR agency uses to ensure that personnel are able to communicate in appropriate modes of communication with or in the native language of applicants or eligible individuals who have limited English speaking ability.

 [text box]
- (5) As appropriate, describe the procedures and activities to coordinate the designated State unit's comprehensive system of personnel development with personnel development under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. [text box]

COOPERATION, COLLABORATION, AND COORDINATION (Section 101(a)(11) of the Rehabilitation Act)

- (j) Coordination with Education Officials. In accordance with the requirements in section 101(a)(11)(D) of the Rehabilitation Act—
- (1) Describe plans, policies, and procedures for coordination between the designated State agency and education officials responsible for the public education of students with disabilities, that are designed to facilitate the transition of the students with disabilities from the receipt of educational services in school to the receipt of vocational rehabilitation services, including pre-employment transition services.

DVR plans, policies, and procedures for coordinating transition planning for students with disabilities are described below.

(2) Describe the current status and scope of the formal interagency agreement between the VR agency and the State educational agency. Consistent with the requirements of the formal interagency agreement pursuant to 34 CFR 361.22(b), provide, at a minimum, the following information about the agreement:

Currently, the formal interagency agreement between VR and DOE executed in June 2019 is under revision, reflecting, the following within the scope of the agreement.

(A) Consultation and technical assistance, which may be provided using alternative means for meeting participation (such as video conferences and conference calls), to assist educational agencies in planning for the transition of students with disabilities from school to post-school activities, including pre-employment transition services and other vocational rehabilitation services;

DVR agrees to provide consultation and technical assistance to DOE district and school special education staff in planning for the transition of SWD from school to post-school activities, including pre-ETS and other DVR services. Consultation and technical assistance are provided by the administrative, supervisory, and direct services staff of DVR and may occur formally or informally throughout the school year.

The consultation and technical assistance to DOE may include but is not limited to information related to outreach, DVR application and referral procedures, eligibility criteria, development of the Individualized Plan for Employment (IPE), and available VR services, including pre-ETS and transition services. Assistance may be requested by phone, e-mail, mail, or in-person, and may be provided using alternative means such as video conference and conference calls.

General Consultation and Technical Assistance

DVR's Vocational Rehabilitation Specialist (VRS) assigned to high schools and Branch Administrators or Section Supervisory staff assigned to collaborate with the Complex Areas, shall be responsible for providing consultation and technical assistance on an on-going basis to the DOE special education and transition personnel at the school level and Complex level in planning activities for SWD. The general areas of consultation and technical assistance provided by the VRS shall include, but are not limited to:

- 1. DVR pre-ETS, transition services, and other VR services;
- 2. Assistive Technology (AT) evaluations as they pertain to the needs for vocational rehabilitation and employment purposes upon the SWD exiting high school (see Section X. C. 5. below for more information);
- 3. Community work experience development;
- 4. Strategies for successful job placement;

- 5. Career exploration;
- 6. Local providers and resources to supplement transition services in addition to DVR; and
- 7. Federal financial aid available for postsecondary education.

Annual Consultation and Technical Assistance

DVR Branch Administrators and Section Supervisors, or their designees, shall be responsible for providing annual consultation and technical assistance on transition activities and pre-ETS to DOE special education and transition personnel at the district and school levels, to include but not limited to, information related to the following:

- 1. DVR service description including pre-ETS, transition services and other DVR services outreach procedures;
- 2. DVR eligibility criteria;
- 3. AT assessments as they pertain to DVR.
- 4. Social Security Disability Benefits;
- 5. DVR referral and application procedures for SWD who are potentially eligible and seeking eligibility for VR services; and
- 6. Scope of Services available through the DVR process.
- (B) Transition planning by personnel of the designated State agency and educational agency personnel for students with disabilities that facilitates the development and implementation of their individualized education programs (IEPs) under section 614(d) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act;

Pre-Employment Transition Services and Transition Services Planning

- a. DVR is responsible for fulfilling the requirements authorized by the Rehabilitation Act and shall collaborate with DOE in the planning, provision, and arrangement of pre-ETS to potentially eligible and eligible SWD beginning at age 14 through the age of 21.
- b. DVR is responsible for individualized DVR services, including transition services and other services authorized by the Rehabilitation Act and identified on an IPE. The provision of DVR services shall be consistent with current DVR policies and procedures.

c. DVR Financial Responsibilities: DVR is responsible for DVR services authorized by the Rehabilitation Act and identified on DVR's PE Agreement or an approved IPE.

To fulfill its responsibilities, DVR shall:

- a. Plan for the statewide provision of pre-ETS and transition services in accordance with the Agreement, DVR policies, procedures, and guidelines pursuant to requirements under the Rehabilitation Act. The DVR State Program Specialist for Transition shall assist DVR staff with issues and concerns related to coordination and the provision of transition services and pre-ETS in schools.
- b. Have DVR State Program Specialist for Transition and VRS staff collaborate to support contact with the appropriate DOE staff to provide clarification on the roles and responsibilities of each entity if roles and responsibilities for the provision of pre-ETS and transition services are unclear after evaluating the purpose of the service, who customarily provides the service, and who is eligible for the service.
- c. Collaborate, arrange, provide, and pay for pre-ETS for SWD in need of such services, including SWD who may be potentially eligible for DVR services, as well as DVR or employment-related services for DVR-eligible SWD as identified on the IPE for SWD, in accordance with DVR requirements for comparable services and benefits, and personal resources.
- d. Provide DVR services to DVR-eligible SWD as authorized by the Rehabilitation Act including pre-ETS, individualized transition services, and other DVR services identified on an IPE.
- e. Assist SWD to achieve CIE outcomes, including supported employment, as appropriate, consistent with their strengths, resources, priorities, concerns, abilities, capabilities, interests, and informed choice.
- f. Develop and support early work experiences, apprenticeships, and internships including summer work experiences, as appropriate.
- g. Ensure the DVR services required to support SWD are included in the IPE and amendments, and that these services are provided to the SWD who may share them with the DOE transition team.
- h. Provide information during intake to parent and student regarding the DVR referral and application processes, DVR eligibility requirements, the purpose of the DVR program, scope of the DVR services, and information related to the Client Assistance Program (CAP).
- i. Share information regarding DVR policies, procedures, guidelines, programs, and services for the purpose of improving the access to and availability of pre-ETS and transition services.
- j. Provide brochures and materials about the DVR process and services to the school districts for distribution to SWD, parent(s) or legal guardian(s), teacher(s) and others.
- k. Participate with DOE on joint trainings of the school district staff, as new Federal or State requirements or initiatives are identified, as applicable.
- 1. When invited and available, VRS shall participate in the IEP and 504 Plan meetings that involve the development and implementation of the transition plan, in person or remotely. If unable to attend, prior to the scheduled IEP or 504 Plan meeting or as soon as possible after the meeting, the VRS shall provide information to the school team, which shall be considered in the development of the transition plan.
- m. Have VRS inform their respective school contacts of community events, such as job fairs, transition fairs, comparable resources, and career days to introduce and expose SWD to possible career options.

n. Upon request and with written parental consent, have VRS provide a copy of the eligibility certification, IPE (including any amendments of the IPE) to the identified school contact (special education or transition teacher).

DVR shall be fiscally responsible for VR services identified on the DVR PE Agreement or an approved IPE and authorized by the Rehabilitation Act. Upon request and coordination, DVR shall provide training for school Districts on DVR financial responsibilities and DVR's responsibilities to encourage full participation in the process.

DOE Responsibilities:

- a. DOE is responsible for fulfilling all the requirements set forth in Part B of the IDEA that are necessary for ensuring a FAPE to SWD, and planning for the successful transition of SWD to postsecondary education, employment, and/or independent living, as appropriate. This includes the partnership with and inclusion of, any outside entity, including agencies and employers likely to provide services to SWD.
- b. DOE Financial Responsibilities: DOE shall be responsible for ensuring that FAPE is made available to eligible SWD, including special education services or related services included in the IEP, as authorized by the IDEA or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act.

To fulfill its responsibilities, DOE shall:

- a. Provide information to SWD and their families on the purpose of the DVR program and the scope of services offered by DVR;
- b. Provide documentation (digital or hard copy) and any relevant information for potentially eligible SWD. Provide copies of current (high school) medical, psychological, audiological assessments (within a year preferred), validation of measurable skills gains and certifications annually to include but not be limited to, certificates of completion, diplomas, grade transcripts for VRS to facilitate the eligibility determination, plan development and case monitoring processes for SWD who are applying for VR services and dually enrolled in DOE and DVR services;
- c. Upon parental consent, identify SWD interested in transition services, pre-ETS, and/or other DVR services, and refer them to DVR. The DOE IEP Care Coordinator shall collaborate with the designated DOE Transition Coordinator at each high school to ensure timely referrals are submitted to the DVR assigned VRS;
- d. Invite the VRS to participate in the IEP or 504 Plan meeting and transition planning process, with the permission of the parent(s) or legal guardian(s).
- e. Ensure that the SWD transition plan is documented in their IEP for all IDEA identified SWD or their Personal Transition Plan (PTP) for all Section 504 identified SWD. If applicable, plans shall include for the individual SWD:
 - i. A statement of transition services to be provided through DOE and DVR;
 - ii. List of experiences that DVR shall make available to the SWD including pre-ETS group training, in-school work-based learning, and community work-based learning.

- f. Upon receipt of written parental consent, provide a copy of the IEP or 504 Plan and/or PTP, most recent evaluation results, and current (within one year) medical reports as applicable, to the VRS for all SWD who were found eligible for DVR services. For SWD that shall be exiting, DOE includes transcripts, Summary of Progress (SOP) and referral data to VRS for all SWD who are referred to DVR.
- Provide documentation of service delivery, to include Career and Technical Education (CTE) g. programming.
- Provide and pay for the DOE special education and related services identified in the IEP, including h. transition services for eligible SWD under IDEA (34 C.F.R. §300.17) to ensure FAPE is made available to eligible SWD.
- The roles and responsibilities, including financial responsibilities, of each agency, including provisions for (C) determining State lead agencies and qualified personnel responsible for transition services and pre-employment transition services;

DVR and DOE both shall:

- Collaborate to arrange for and co-facilitate quarterly transition meetings for DOE and DVR staff so they are fully informed of their responsibilities.
- Assist the other party on issues and concerns related to the coordination and implementation of 2. transition services and pre-ETS.
- Meet regularly to address systems, policy, practice, and funding issues that facilitate or negatively 3. impact the transition of SWD from school to work or postsecondary education.
- Foster innovation in transition program design and service delivery strategies between DVR and DOE. 4.
- Utilize a common message when sharing information to local DVR offices and DOE's Districts and 5. Complexes.
- Post this SEA Agreement on their respective websites (or in a locational readily available to each 6. agency's staff).
- 7. Align policy and practice at the state and local levels to facilitate the seamless transition of SWD from school to work or postsecondary education; minimize redundant services; and maximize resources in both systems.
- Develop and provide trainings and professional development opportunities to improve transition and 8. employment results.
- Provide a copy of this SEA Agreement to the following key stakeholders:
 - All Complex Area Superintendents;
 - All directors of Special Education; **b**.
 - All directors of Special Education;
 All DVR administrative staff to include Branch Administrators, Supervisors, and policy and C. program staff;
 - The State Rehabilitation Council: d.
 - The Department of Health Developmental Disabilities Determination Branch; e.
 - The Department of Health Developmental Disabilities Council; and f.
 - Other entities as identified by the parties. g.

- 10. Mutually develop and distribute notices, memorandums, and other information regarding transition to key stakeholders.
- 11. Give timely notice to key stakeholders of all proposed changes to rule or policy that relate to students and youth in transition.
- 12. Collaborate toward meeting the unique needs of DVR, DOEs Districts and Complex offices and facilitate seamless transition for SWD from a FAPE to the provision of DVR services.
- 13. Collaborate with DOEs Districts and Complexes to provide or arrange for the provision of pre-ETS for all SWD in need of such services who are eligible or potentially eligible for services under the WIOA.
- (D) Procedures for outreach to and identification of students with disabilities who need transition services and preemployment transition services. Outreach to these students should occur as early as possible during the transition planning process and must include, at a minimum, a description of the purpose of the vocational rehabilitation program, eligibility requirements, application procedures, and scope of services that may be provided to eligible individuals;

DVR utilizes a variety of outreach methods at the State, local, and family or individual levels for the identification of and outreach to SWD, including students who qualify under IDEA or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. These procedures are detailed below.

A. Outreach at the State level

In collaboration with other WIOA core and for additional outreach opportunities, DVR's administrative level staff serve on boards and councils to address the joint responsibilities under the Rehabilitation Act. These partnerships include, but are not limited to:

- 1. State Council on Developmental Disabilities;
- 2. State Council on Mental Health;
- 3. Special Education Advisory Council (SEAC);
- 4. University of Hawaii, Rehabilitation Counselor Education Program's Advisory Board;
- 5. State Workforce Development Board;
- 6. Programs providing independent living supports and skills training;
- 7. City & County of Honolulu, Department of Transportation, Committee on Accessible transportation;
- 8. Ho`opono (Services for the Blind Branch) Advisory Council; and
- 9. Deaf & Hard of Hearing Advisory Board.
- B. Outreach at the Local Level
 - 1. DVR branch managers, section supervisors, and VRS shall assist Districts and Complexes and school staff with the identification of SWD who may be potentially eligible or are eligible for DVR services, including pre-ETS.
 - a. Referral and Application.
 - DVR shall: ensure referrals and applications are available to SWD and their families; describe the purpose of the DVR program and the scope of services available; describe the referral process, application procedures as well as timeliness for each procedure; provide

informational literature; and explain eligibility requirements and the 60-day eligibility determination timeline.

b. Eligibility.

When an application is submitted, DVR shall make an eligibility determination within 60-days unless exceptional and unforeseen circumstances beyond DVRs control preclude making an eligibility determination within 60-days, DVR and the SWD (with parent(s) or legal guardian(s), if applicable) shall collaborate on an agreement for a specific extension of time.

c. IPE Development.

DVR shall collaboratively work with the SWD and their family, as appropriate, to develop the IPE (service plan) within 90-days of the eligibility determination. The provision of individualized DVR services shall commence upon the completion of the approved IPE, signed by the participant, their parent(s) or legal guardian(s), as appropriate, and the VRS.

- 2. DVR shall receive referrals of SWD for pre-ETS as well as potential DVR applicants by maintaining an active presence at the following DOE activities and events:
 - a. IEP and 504 Plan and transition planning meetings;
 - b. Parent support groups;
 - c. Parent forums hosted by assigned high schools;
 - d. Transition Fairs;
 - e. Programs providing independent living skills training;
 - f. Organizations serving youth who are blind, partially sighted, deaf, hard of hearing or deafblind; and
 - g. Job and career fairs.
- (E) Coordination necessary to satisfy documentation requirements set forth in 34 CFR part 397 regarding students and youth with disabilities who are seeking subminimum wage employment; and

Documentation Requirements of Section 511

Under Section 511 of the Rehabilitation Act, 14(c) businesses, referred to as "employers," are prohibited from employing any individual with a disability who is 24 years of age or younger at subminimum wage, unless the individual has received documentation from DVR upon completion of all the following activities:

- a. Pre-employment transition services for transition services under IDEA;
- b. Application for DVR services and the individual was determined:
 - i. Ineligible for DVR services; or
 - ii. Éligible for DVR services, had an approved IPE, and the individual was unable achieve an employment outcome in CIE after a reasonable period, and his or her case was unsuccessfully closed.
- c. Career counseling, as well as information and referral services to federal and state programs to help the individual discover, experience, attain CIE, was provided for competitive employment and not for employment at subminimum wage. This information shall be shared by DOE with the SWD, parent(s)

- or legal guardian(s), and teacher(s). This information and process shall also be shared with participants during the IEP meetings for transition planning. DVR shall maintain the documentation and provide a copy to the SWD within the timelines as specified under 34 C.F.R. §397. Documentation of any of these services provided by DOE must be provided to the SWD and DVR.
- d. DVR, in consultation with DOE, must develop or use an existing process to document the completion of these subminimum wage employment requirements as well as the transmittal of documentation from DOE to DVR, consistent with the confidentiality requirements of the FERPA and the IDEA. DVR and DOE must retain copies of the documentation in a manner consistent with the requirements of 2 C.F.R. §200.334. At a minimum, this documentation must contain:
 - i. Name of SWD or Youth;
 - ii. Determination made, including a summary of reason for the determination or a description of the activity or service completed;
 - iii. Name of the individual making the determination or the provider of the service or activity;
 - iv. Date determination was made or the required service or activity completed;
 - v. Applicable signatures and dates by DVR or DOE personnel making determination or completion of the required services or activity;
 - vi. Signature of DVR personnel transmitting documentation to the SWD; and
 - vii. Date and method by which the document was transmitted to the SWD, as required by 34 C.F.R. §397.10(a)(1).
- 2. When a SWD expresses interest in subminimum wage employment.

 For students seeking sub-minimum wage employment opportunities in the contiguous United States, DVR and DOE shall coordinate the documentation as specified in 20 U.S.C. §794g and 34 C.F.R. §397 and summarized below:
 - a. The VRS shall share this information with the DOE IEP team, separately or at the IEP team meeting, to help in transition planning. DVR and DOE shall retain copies of the documentation in a manner consistent with the requirements of 2 C.F.R. §200.334.
 - b. DVR shall provide a copy of the subminimum wage agreement to the SWD and DOE representatives, inclusive of the following information:
 - i. Name of SWD;
 - ii. Provision by DOE of transition services, as documented and described in the IEP. Many of these services are defined in the transition section of the IEP and provided over the course of the year, not at a specific time. Therefore, the IEP year shall be considered the date the service was provided. The most current IEP shall be provided to DVR within 30 days of the request, as required. The name of the Care Coordinator listed on the IEP shall be the provider of the service, unless otherwise specified; no signature shall be present as the IEP is DOE's official record of the SWD educational plan; and
 - iii. Signature of the DVR personnel transmitting documentation to the SWD and the date and method of the transmission.
 - c. When a SWD (or their parent(s) or legal guardian(s)), through informed choice, refuses to participate in the activities required under Section 511 of the Rehabilitation Act or the

implementation regulations of 34 C.F.R. §397, the following documentation shall be provided by DVR to the SWD within ten (10) calendar days of the refusal to participate:

- i. Name of SWD;
- ii. Description and reason for the refusal dated by the SWD or their parent(s) or legal guardian(s);
- iii. Signature and date of the DVR VRS on the refusal document;
- iv. Date and method of transmission of the documentation to the SWD; and
- d. DVR VRS shall route the documentation to the administrative level for required retention of all documentation provided to the designated unit, in a manner consistent with the requirements of 2 C.F.R. §200.334.
- e. If a SWD chooses not to participate in the activities required by Section 511 of the Rehabilitation Act and final regulation, 34 C.F.R. §397, or chooses to opt out of DVR services entirely, such a choice shall impact the permissibility of the SWD to work at subminimum wage and precludes the SWD from obtaining subminimum wage employment given the limitations imposed by Section 511 of the Rehabilitation Act and 34 C.F.R. §397. Accordingly, DVR shall inform the SWD and their parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of the SWD s ineligibility for subminimum wage employment if the SWD refuses to participate in the required activities. DVR shall provide the refusal document to the SWD within ten (10) calendar days of choosing to opt out of participation.
- (F) Assurance that, in accordance with 34 CFR 397.31, neither the SEA nor the local educational agency will enter into a contract or other arrangement with an entity, as defined in 34 CFR 397.5(d), for the purpose of operating a program under which youth with a disability is engaged in work compensated at a subminimum wage.
 - A. Confidentiality Assurance.
 - The SEA Agreement requires the sharing of information, including required documentation and data between DVR and DOE. Information about SWD of DVR- and DOE-held data regarding SWD from Districts and Complexes shall be released in conformance with regulations governing confidentially of personally identifiable information, including but not limited to the Federal Educational Rights and Privacy Act (34 C.F.R. Part 99) ("FERPA"); IDEA (34 C.F.R. Parts 300 and 303); HAR §8-34, as related to DOE; 20 C.F.R. Part 603; 34 C.F.R. Part 361, HAR §17-401.1 as related to DVR, and Chapter 487N, HRS, as related to security breaches of personal information.
 - B. Sub-Minimum Wage Assurance.

 The State of Hawaii prohibits employers from engaging in the practice of utilizing sub-minimum wages. In accordance with 34 C.F.R. §397.31, DOE Districts and Complexes, and DVR shall not enter a contract or arrangement with an entity, as defined in 34 C.F.R §397.5(d), for the purposes of operating a program under which a youth with a disability is engaged in work compensated at subminimum wage. Should DOE

identify a SWD or youth who is interested in pursuing sub-minimum wage, the following procedures shall be implemented:

(k) Coordination with Employers. In accordance with the requirements in section 101(a)(11)(E) of the Rehabilitation Act, describe how the VR agency will work with employers to identify competitive integrated employment and career exploration opportunities in order to facilitate the provision of VR services; and transition services for youth and students with disabilities, including pre-employment transition services for students with disabilities.

DVR collaborates with the WIOA core partners statewide through established Memorandum of Agreements to engage with employers in addressing future workforce needs and expansion of business operations associated with skills development. DVR has implemented evidence-based practices and innovative strategies for addressing key challenges to strengthen employer engagement through employer outreach activities, job development and job negotiation tailored to the unique business needs of individual employers.

DVR works with employers and core partners to provide information on disability awareness, guidance on the ADA, reasonable accommodations, and rehabilitation and assistive technology. DVR has engaged in the following activities to create sustainable employment service models over time:

- A. AJC: Co-located activities are regularly conducted with DVR participants, prospective referrals. Resource sharing is provided by staff to enhance AJC services and engagement of individuals with disabilities under the statewide MO currently in place. DVR leadership participate in regular AJC partner meetings and sub-committees to support employer engagement and promote competitive integrated employment for individuals with disabilities.
- B. **Hawaii Employment First Taskforce**: Established with DVR as a core partner to analyze and promote changes in policies and procedures needed to increase opportunities for competitive integrated employment for all individuals with disabilities.
- C. **Disability In:** Disability: In is a national organization of business that empower business to achieve disability inclusion and equality. DVR is an active member of Disability In Hawaii which has been created by business leaders to share best practices in hiring, retaining, and marketing strategies for individuals with disabilities.
- D. **Legislative Forum:** Conducted annually on the islands of Kauai, Maui and Hawaii t bring together employers to engage in dialogue with DVR, the Developmental Disabilities Council, and Legislators to share success stories of hiring individuals with disabilities, compliance with the ADA and ways to promote job retention.
- E. **Job Recruitment Fairs:** Participation by DVR staff in year-round events to promote the hiring of individuals with disabilities., meet employers and secure jobs for participants.

F. **HireNet:** A statewide, integrated, and interactive workforce portal used to track employment opportunities, contracts with employers and participants with disabilities utilizing the platform.

DVR's Employment Specialist and Vocational Rehabilitation Specialists meet with employers on a regular basis on and off the job site to promote DVR, develop relationships and provide to the needs of the business. Various forms of employment opportunities may be established such as internships, work-based learning experiences, apprenticeships, on the job training, all with the end goal of successful competitive integrated employment in mind. DVR also hosts "Business Highlights" throughout the year for staff and partners. Employers are invited to highlight their business and promote job openings for our job candidates.

Transition services for youth and students with disabilities, including pre-employment services for students with disabilities.

In addition, DVR continues collaboration efforts in partnership with the Hawaii State Council on Developmental Disabilities and the Hawaii Department of Education engaging employers in providing students and youth with community work-based learning experiences. Currently, collaboration includes the development of internship opportunities for SWD in the health and hospitality industries.

In an effort to prepare Hawaii's future workforce, DVRs Vocational Rehabilitation Specialists and Statewide Program Specialist for Transition work in conjunction with the DOE staff, Community Rehabilitation Providers and employers to identify and implement a variety of industry opportunities for students and youth. These opportunities for students and youth with disabilities provide critical exposure for exploration of their interests and to develop skills, attitudes, and behaviors consistent with industry and employer-specific standards.

(I) Interagency Cooperation with Other Agencies. In accordance with the requirements in section 101(a)(11)(C) and (K), describe interagency cooperation with and utilization of the services and facilities of agencies and programs that are **not** carrying out activities through the statewide workforce development system to develop opportunities for community-based employment in integrated settings, to the greatest extent practicable for the following:

- (1) State programs (designate lead agency(ies) and implementing entity(ies)) carried out under section 4 of the Assistive Technology Act of 1998; [text box]
- (2) Programs carried out by the Under Secretary for Rural Development of the Department of Agriculture; [text box]
- (3) Non-educational agencies serving out-of-school youth; [text box]

- (4) State use contracting programs; [text box]
- (5) State agency responsible for administering the State Medicaid plan under title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.); [text box]
- (6) State agency responsible for providing services for individuals with developmental disabilities; [text box]
- (7) State agency responsible for providing mental health services; [text box]
- (8) Other Federal, State, and local agencies and programs outside the workforce development system; and [text box]
- (9) Other private nonprofit organizations. [text box]

VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION CERTIFICATIONS AND ASSURANCES

CERTIFICATIONS

States must provide written and signed certifications that:

- 1. The Division of Vocational Rehabilitation is authorized to submit the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan under title I of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Rehabilitation Act), as amended by title IV of WIOA, and its State Plan supplement under title VI of the Rehabilitation Act;
- 2. In the event the designated State agency is not primarily concerned with vocational and other rehabilitation of individuals with disabilities, the designated State agency must include a designated State unit for the VR program (Section 101(a)(2)(B)(ii) of the Rehabilitation Act). As a condition for the receipt of Federal funds under title I of the Rehabilitation Act for the provision of VR services, the (enter the name of designated State agency or the designated State unit when the designated State agency has a designated State unit)¹⁰ agrees to operate and is responsible for the administration of the State VR Services Program in accordance with the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan¹¹, the Rehabilitation Act, 34 CFR 361.13(b) and (c), and all applicable regulations¹², policies, and procedures established by the Secretary of Education. Funds made available to States under section 111(a) of the Rehabilitation Act are used solely for the provision of VR services and the administration of the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan;
- 3. As a condition for the receipt of Federal funds under title VI of the Rehabilitation Act for supported employment services, the designated State agency or the designated State unit when the designated State agency has a designated State unit, agrees to operate and is responsible for the administration of the State Supported Employment Services Program in accordance with the supplement to the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan¹³, the Rehabilitation Act, and all applicable regulations¹⁴, policies,

⁹ Public Law 113-128.

¹⁰ All references in this plan to "designated State agency" or to "the State agency" relate to the agency identified in this paragraph.

¹¹ No funds under title I of the Rehabilitation Act may be awarded without an approved VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan in accordance with section 101(a) of the Rehabilitation Act.

¹² Applicable regulations, in part, include the Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR) in 34 CFR parts 76, 77, 79, 81, and 82; 2 CFR part 200 as adopted by 2 CFR part 3474; and the State VR Services program regulations at 34 CFR part 361.

¹³ No funds under title VI of the Rehabilitation Act may be awarded without an approved supported employment supplement to the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan in accordance with section 606(a) of the Rehabilitation Act.

¹⁴Applicable regulations, in part, include the citations in footnote 4, as well as Supported Employment program regulations at 34 CFR part 363.

Sta	tes must provide written and signed certifications that:
	and procedures established by the Secretary of Education. Funds made available under title VI are used solely for the provision of supported employment services and the administration of the supplement to the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan;
4.	The designated State unit, or if not applicable, the designated State agency has the authority under State law to perform the functions of the State regarding the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan and its supplement, and is responsible for the administration of the VR program in accordance with 34 CFR 361.13(b) and (c);
5.	The State legally may carry out each provision of the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan and its supplement.
6.	All provisions of the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan and its supplement are consistent with State law.
7.	The Lea Dias has the authority under State law to receive, hold, and disburse Federal funds made available under the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan and its supplement;
8.	The Vocational Rehabilitation Administrator has the authority to submit the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan and the supplement for Supported Employment services;
9.	The agency that submits the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan and its supplement has adopted or otherwise formally approved the plan and its supplement.

ASSURANCES

The designated State agency or designated State unit, as appropriate and identified in the State certifications included with this VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan and its supplement, through signature of the authorized individual, assures the Commissioner, that it will comply with all of the requirements of the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan and its supplement, as set forth in sections 101(a) and 606 of the Rehabilitation Act. The individual authorized to submit the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan and its supplement makes the following assurances:

The S	tate Plan must provide assurances that:
1.	Public Comment on Policies and Procedures: The designated State agency assures it will comply
	with all statutory and regulatory requirements for public participation in the VR Services Portion of the
	Unified or Combined State Plan, as required by section 101(a)(16)(A) of the Rehabilitation Act.
2.	Submission of the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan and Its Supplement: The designated State unit assures it will comply with all requirements pertaining to the submission and revisions of the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan and its supplement for the State Supported Employment Services program, as required by sections 101(a)(1), (22), (23), and 606(a) of the Rehabilitation Act; section 102 of WIOA in the case of the submission of a Unified State plan; section 103 of WIOA in the case of a submission of a Combined State Plan; 34 C.F.R. 76.140.
3.	 Administration of the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan: The designated State agency or designated State unit, as appropriate, assures it will comply with the requirements related to: (a) the establishment of the designated State agency and designated State unit, as required by section 101(a)(2) of the Rehabilitation Act. (b) either a State independent commission or State Rehabilitation Council, as required by section 101(a)(21) of the Rehabilitation Act. (c) consultations regarding the administration of the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan, in accordance with section 101(a)(16)(B) of the Rehabilitation Act. (d) the financial participation by the State, or if the State so elects, by the State and local agencies, to provide the amount of the non-Federal share of the cost of carrying out the VR program in accordance with section 101(a)(3). (e) as applicable, the local administration of the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan, in accordance with section 101(a)(2)(A) of the Rehabilitation Act. (f) as applicable, the shared funding and administration of joint programs, in accordance with section 101(a)(2)(A)(ii) of the Rehabilitation Act. (g) statewideness and waivers of statewideness requirements, as set forth in section 101(a)(4) of the Rehabilitation Act.
	 (h) the requirements for cooperation, collaboration, and coordination, as required by sections 101(a)(11) and (24)(B); and 606(b) of the Rehabilitation Act. (i) all required methods of administration, as required by section 101(a)(6) of the Rehabilitation Act. (j) the requirements for the comprehensive system of personnel development, as set forth in section 101(a)(7) of the Rehabilitation Act.

The State Plan must provide assurances that:

- (k) the compilation and submission to the Commissioner of statewide assessments, estimates, State goals and priorities, strategies, and progress reports, as appropriate, and as required by sections 101(a)(15), 105(c)(2), and 606(b)(8) of the Rehabilitation Act.
- (1) the reservation and use of a portion of the funds allotted to the State under section 110 of the Rehabilitation Act for the development and implementation of innovative approaches to expand and improve the provision of VR services to individuals with disabilities, particularly individuals with the most significant disabilities as set forth in section 101(a)(18)(A).
- (m) the submission of reports as required by section 101(a)(10) of the Rehabilitation Act.
- 4. **Administration of the Provision of VR Services:** The designated State agency, or designated State unit, as appropriate, assures that it will:
 - (a) comply with all requirements regarding information and referral services in accordance with sections 101(a)(5)(E) and (20) of the Rehabilitation Act.
 - (b) impose no duration of residence requirement as part of determining an individual's eligibility for VR services or that excludes from services under the plan any individual who is present in the State in accordance with section 101(a)(12) of the Rehabilitation Act.
 - (c) provide the full range of services listed in section 103(a) of the Rehabilitation Act, as appropriate, to all eligible individuals with disabilities in the State who apply for services or, if implementing an order of selection, in accordance with criteria established by the State for the order of selection as set out in section 101(a)(5) of the Rehabilitation Act.
 - (d) determine whether comparable services and benefits are available to the individual in accordance with section 101(a)(8) of the Rehabilitation Act.
 - (e) comply with the requirements for the development of an individualized plan for employment in accordance with section 102(b) of the Rehabilitation Act.
 - (f) comply with requirements regarding the provisions of informed choice for all applicants and eligible individuals in accordance with section 102(d) of the Rehabilitation Act.
 - (g) provide vocational rehabilitation services to American Indians who are individuals with disabilities residing in the State, in accordance with section 101(a)(13) of the Rehabilitation Act.
 - (h) comply with the requirements for the conduct of semiannual or annual reviews, as appropriate, for individuals employed either in an extended employment setting in a community rehabilitation program or any other employment under section 14(c) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as required by sections 101(a)(14) and 511 of the Rehabilitation Act.
 - (i) meet the requirements in sections 101(a)(17) and 103(b)(2) of the Rehabilitation Act if the State elects to construct, under special circumstances, facilities for community rehabilitation programs.
 - (j) with respect to students with disabilities, the State:
 - (i) has developed and will implement,
 - (A) strategies to address the needs identified in the assessments; and

The State Plan must provide assurances that: (B) strategies to achieve the goals and priorities identified by the State, to improve and expand vocational rehabilitation services for students with disabilities on a statewide basis; and (ii) has developed and will implement strategies to provide pre-employment transition services (sections 101(a)(15),101(a)(25), and 113). (iii) shall reserve not less than 15 percent of the allocated funds for the provision of pre-employment transition services; such funds shall not be used to pay for the administrative costs of providing pre-employment transition services.

5. Program Administration for the Supported Employment Title VI Supplement to the State plan:

- (a) The designated State unit assures that it will include in the VR services portion of the Unified or Combined State Plan all information required by section 606 of the Rehabilitation Act.
- (b) The designated State agency assures that it will submit reports in such form and in accordance with such procedures as the Commissioner may require and collects the information required by section 101(a)(10) of the Rehabilitation Act separately for individuals receiving supported employment services under title I and individuals receiving supported employment services under title VI of the Rehabilitation Act.

6. Financial Administration of the Supported Employment Program (Title VI):

- (a) The designated State agency assures that it will expend no more than 2.5 percent of the State's allotment under title VI for administrative costs of carrying out this program; and, the designated State agency or agencies will provide, directly or indirectly through public or private entities, non-Federal contributions in an amount that is not less than 10 percent of the costs of carrying out supported employment services provided to youth with the most significant disabilities with the funds reserved for such purpose under section 603(d) of the Rehabilitation Act, in accordance with section 606(b)(7)(H) and (I) of the Rehabilitation Act.
- (b) The designated State agency assures that it will use funds made available under title VI of the Rehabilitation Act only to provide supported employment services to individuals with the most significant disabilities, including extended services to youth with the most significant disabilities, who are eligible to receive such services; and, that such funds are used only to supplement and not supplant the funds provided under Title I of the Rehabilitation Act, when providing supported employment services specified in the individualized plan for employment, in accordance with section 606(b)(7)(A) and (D), of the Rehabilitation Act.

7. **Provision of Supported Employment Services**:

- (a) The designated State agency assures that it will provide supported employment services as defined in section 7(39) of the Rehabilitation Act.
- (b) The designated State agency assures that

The State Plan must provide assurances that:

the comprehensive assessment of individuals with significant disabilities conducted under section 102(b)(1) of the Rehabilitation Act and funded under title I of the Rehabilitation Act includes consideration of supported employment as an appropriate employment outcome, in accordance with the requirements of section 606(b)(7)(B) of the Rehabilitation Act an individualized plan for employment that meets the requirements of section 102(b) of the Rehabilitation Act , which is developed and updated with title I funds, in accordance with sections 102(b)(3)(F) and 606(b)(7)(C) and (E) of the Rehabilitation Act.

Appendix 1: Performance Goals for the Core Programs

Each state submitting a Unified or Combined State Plan is required to identify expected levels of performance for each of the primary indicators of performance for the first two years covered by the plan. The state is required to reach agreement with the Secretary of Labor, in conjunction with the Secretary of Education, on state-negotiated levels of performance for the indicators for each of the first two years of the plan.

Include the state's expected levels of performance relating to the performance accountability indicators based on primary indicators of performance described in section 116(b)(2)(A) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA).

	i e			
	Title I – Adult Program			
	Program Year:		Program Year:	
	Expected Level	Negotiated Level	Expected Level	Negotiated Level
Employment (Second Quarter after Exit)			3	
Employment (Fourth Quarter after Exit)				
Median Earnings (Second Quarter after Exit)				
Credential Attainment Rate	CK.,			
Measurable Skill Gains				

	Title I – Dislocated Worker Program			
	Program Year:		Program Year:	
	Expected Level	Negotiated Level	Expected Level	Negotiated Level
Employment (Second Quarter after Exit)				
Employment (Fourth Quarter after Exit)			15	
Median Earnings (Second Quarter after Exit)			2/2	
Credential Attainment Rate				
Measurable Skill Gains				

	Title I – Youth Program			
	Program Year:		Prograr	m Year:
	Expected Level	Negotiated Level	Expected Level	Negotiated Level
Employment (Second Quarter after Exit) 15				
Employment (Fourth Quarter after Exit) ¹⁶			R	
Median Earnings (Second Quarter after Exit)				
Credential Attainment Rate			?'	
Measurable Skill Gains				

 $^{^{\}rm 15}$ For Title I Youth programs, employment, education or training. $^{\rm 16}$ For Title I Youth programs, employment, education or training.

	Title II – Adult Education and Family Literacy Act Program			
	Program Year:		Program Year:	
	Expected Level	Negotiated Level	Expected Level	Negotiated Level
Employment (Second Quarter after Exit)				
Employment (Fourth Quarter after Exit)				
Median Earnings (Second Quarter after Exit)				
Credential Attainment Rate				
Measurable Skill Gains				

	Wagner-Peyser Act Employment Service Program			
	Program Year:		Program Year:	
	Expected Level	Negotiated Level	Expected Level	Negotiated Level
Employment (Second Quarter after Exit)				
Employment (Fourth Quarter after Exit)			8	
Median Earnings (Second Quarter after Exit)			13	
Credential Attainment Rate	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Measurable Skill Gains	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

	Vocational Rehabilitation Program			
	Program Year:		Program Year:	
	Expected Level	Negotiated Level	Expected Level	Negotiated Level
Employment (Second Quarter after Exit) ²²				
Employment (Fourth Quarter after Exit) ²²			8	
Median Earnings (Second Quarter after Exit ¹⁷			1	
Credential Attainment Rate			2	
Measurable Skill Gains				

	All WIOA Core Programs			
	Progran	n Year:	Program Year:	
	Expected Level	Negotiated Level	Expected Level	Negotiated Level
Effectiveness in Serving Employers				

Additional Indicators of Performance				
1.				
2.				

3.	
4.	

VII. PROGRAM-SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR COMBINED STATE PLAN PARTNER PROGRAM

States choosing to submit a Combined State Plan must provide information concerning the six core programs—the Adult program, Dislocated Worker program, Youth program, Wagner-Peyser Act program, Adult Education and Family Literacy Act program, and the Vocational Rehabilitation program—and also submit relevant information for any of the eleven partner programs it elects to include in its Combined State Plan. When a State includes a Combined State Plan partner program in its Combined State Plan, it need not submit a separate plan or application for that particular program. ²⁴ If included, Combined State Plan partner programs are subject to the "common planning elements" in Sections II-IVof this document, where specified, as well as the program-specific requirements for that program.

Career and technical education programs authorized under Perkins V (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.)).

Please see *Guide for Submission of State Plans* (Guide) for full guidance on Perkins V planning requirements. https://s3.amazonaws.com/PCRN/docs/1830-0029-Perkins V State Plan Guide Revised 9-12-19Expires_4-30-22.pdf . If including Perkins V in a WIOA Combined State Plan, the State must address the requirements listed below from Section II of the aforementioned Guide in the Combined State Plan. All "Text Box" references below are located in the Guide.

- (a) Plan Development and Consultation
 - (1) Describe how the State plan was developed in consultation with the stakeholders and in accordance with the procedures in section 122(c)(2) of Perkins V. See Text Box 1 for the statutory requirements for State plan consultation under section 122(c)(1) of Perkins V.
 - (2) Consistent with section 122(e)(1) of Perkins V, each eligible agency must develop the portion of the State plan relating to the amount and uses of any funds proposed to be reserved for adult career and technical education, postsecondary career and technical education, and secondary career and technical education after consultation with the State agencies identified in section 122(e)(1)(A)-(C) of the Act. If a State agency, other than the eligible agency, finds a portion of the final State plan objectionable, the eligible agency must provide a copy of such objections and a description of its response in the final plan submitted to the Secretary. (Section 122(e)(2) of Perkins V)
 - (3) Describe opportunities for the public to comment in person and in writing on the State plan. (Section 122(d)(14) of Perkins V)
- (b) Program Administration and Implementation
 - (1) State's Vision for Education and Workforce Development
 - (A) Provide a summary of State-supported workforce development activities (including education and training) in the State, including the degree to which the State's career and

24 States that elect to include employment and training activities carried out under the Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) Act (42 U.S.C. 9901 et seq.) under a Combined State Plan would submit all other required elements of a complete CSBG State Plan directly to the Federal agency that administers the program. Similarly, States that elect to include employment and training activities carried by the Department of Housing and Urban Development would submit all other required elements of a complete State Plan for those programs directly to the Federal agency that administers the program.

- technical education programs and programs of study are aligned with and address the education and skill needs of the employers in the State identified by the State workforce development board. (Section 122(d)(1) of Perkins V)
- (B) Describe the State's strategic vision and set of goals for preparing an educated and skilled workforce (including special populations) and for meeting the skilled workforce needs of employers, including in existing and emerging in-demand industry sectors and occupations as identified by the State, and how the State's career and technical education programs will help to meet these goals. (Section 122(d)(2) of Perkins V)
- (C) Describe the State's strategy for any joint planning, alignment, coordination, and leveraging of funds between the State's career and technical education programs and programs of study with the State's workforce development system, to achieve the strategic vision and goals described in section 122(d)(2) of Perkins V, including the core programs defined in section 3 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3102) and the elements related to system alignment under section 102(b)(2)(B) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 3112(b)(2)(B)); and for programs carried out under this title with other Federal programs, which may include programs funded 1965. (Section 122(d)(3) of Perkins V)
- (D) Describe how the eligible agency will use State leadership funds made available under section 112(a)(2) of Perkins V for each of the purposes under section 124(a) of the Act. See Text Box 2 for the required uses of State leadership funds under section 124(a) of Perkins V. (Section 122(d)(7) of Perkins V)
- (2) Implementing Career and Technical Education Programs and Programs of Study
 - (A) Describe the career and technical education programs or programs of study that will be supported, developed, or improved at the State level, including descriptions of the programs of study to be developed at the State level and made available for adoption by eligible recipients. (Section 122(d)(4)(A) of Perkins V)
 - (B) Describe the process and criteria to be used for approving locally developed programs of study or career pathways (see Text Box 3 for the statutory definition of career pathways under section 3(8) of Perkins V), including how such programs address State workforce development and education needs and the criteria to assess the extent to which the local application under section 13225 will—
 - (i) promote continuous improvement in academic achievement and technical skill attainment;
 - (ii) expand access to career and technical education for special populations; and
 - (iii) support the inclusion of employability skills in programs of study and career pathways. (Section 122(d)(4)(B) of Perkins V)
 - (C) Describe how the eligible agency will—

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Based on the context of this requirement, the reference to the local application process under "section 132" appears to be a typographical error in the Perkins V statute. The correct section for local applications in Perkins V is section 134. Therefore, eligible agencies should respond to this item using the provisions in section 134 of Perkins V.

- (i) make information on approved programs of study and career pathways (including career exploration, work-based learning opportunities, early college high schools, and dual or concurrent enrollment program opportunities) and guidance and advisement resources, available to students (and parents, as appropriate), representatives of secondary and postsecondary education, and special populations, and to the extent practicable, provide that information and those resources in a language students, parents, and educators can understand;
- (ii) facilitate collaboration among eligible recipients in the development and coordination of career and technical education programs and programs of study and career pathways that include multiple entry and exit points;
- (iii) use State, regional, or local labor market data to determine alignment of eligible recipients' programs of study to the needs of the State, regional, or local economy, including in-demand industry sectors and occupations identified by the State board, and to align career and technical education with such needs, as appropriate;
- (iv) ensure equal access to approved career and technical education programs of study and activities assisted under this Act for special populations;
- (v) coordinate with the State board to support the local development of career pathways and articulate processes by which career pathways will be developed by local workforce development boards, as appropriate;
- (vi) support effective and meaningful collaboration between secondary schools, postsecondary institutions, and employers to provide students with experience in, and understanding of, all aspects of an industry, which may include work-based learning such as internships, mentorships, simulated work environments, and other hands-on or inquiry-based learning activities; and
- (vii) improve outcomes and reduce performance gaps for CTE concentrators, including those who are members of special populations. (Section 122(d)(4)(C) of Perkins V)
- (D) Describe how the eligible agency, if it opts to do so, will include the opportunity for secondary school students to participate in dual or concurrent enrollment programs, early college high school, or competency-based education. (Section 122(d)(4)(D) of Perkins V)
- (E) Describe how the eligible agency will involve parents, academic and career and technical education teachers, administrators, faculty, career guidance and academic counselors, local business (including small businesses), labor organizations, and representatives of Indian Tribes and Tribal organizations, as appropriate, in the planning, development, implementation, and evaluation of its career and technical education programs. (Section 122(d)(12) of Perkins V)
- (F) Include a copy of the local application template that the eligible agency will require eligible recipients to submit pursuant to section 134(b) of Perkins V. See Text Box 4 for the statutory requirements for local applications under section 134(b) of Perkins V.
- (G) Include a copy of the comprehensive local needs assessment template and/or guidelines that the eligible agency will require of eligible recipients to meet the requirements of section 134(c) of Perkins V. See Text Box 5 for the requirements for the comprehensive local needs assessment under section 134(c) of Perkins V.

- (H)Provide the eligible agency's definition for "size, scope, and quality" that will be used to make funds available to eligible recipients pursuant to section 135(b) of Perkins V
- (I) Meeting the Needs of Special Populations
 - (1) Describe the eligible agency's program strategies for special populations, including a description of how individuals who are members of special populations—
 - (i) will be provided with equal access to activities assisted under this Act;
 - (ii) will not be discriminated against on the basis of status as a member of a special population;
 - (iii) will be provided with programs designed to enable individuals who are members of special populations to meet or exceed State determined levels of performance described in section 113, and prepare special populations for further learning and for high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industry sectors or occupations;
 - (iv) will be provided with appropriate accommodations; and
 - (v) will be provided instruction and work-based learning opportunities in integrated settings that support competitive, integrated employment. (Section 122(d)(9) of Perkins V)
- (J) Preparing Teachers and Faculty
 - (i) Describe how the eligible agency will support the recruitment and preparation of teachers, including special education teachers, faculty, school principals, administrators, specialized instructional support personnel, and paraprofessionals to provide career and technical education instruction, leadership, and support, including professional development that provides the knowledge and skills needed to work with and improve instruction for special populations. (Section 122(d)(6) of Perkins V)
- (c) Fiscal Responsibility
 - (1) Describe the criteria and process for how the eligible agency will approve eligible recipients for funds under this Act, including how—
 - (A) each eligible recipient will promote academic achievement;
 - (B) each eligible recipient will promote skill attainment, including skill attainment that leads to a recognized postsecondary credential; and
 - (C) each eligible recipient will ensure the local needs assessment under section 134 takes into consideration local economic and education needs, including, where appropriate, in-demand industry sectors and occupations. (Section 122(d)(5) of Perkins V)
 - (2) Describe how funds received by the eligible agency through the allotment made under section 111 of the Act will be distributed—
 - (A) among career and technical education at the secondary level, or career and technical education at the postsecondary and adult level, or both, including how such distribution will most effectively provide students with the skills needed to succeed in the workplace; and
 - (B) among any consortia that may be formed among secondary schools and eligible institutions, and how funds will be distributed among the members of the consortia, including the rationale for such distribution and how it will most effectively provide

- students with the skills needed to succeed in the workplace. (Section 122(d)(8) of Perkins V)
- (3) For the upcoming program year, provide the specific dollar allocations for each eligible recipient made available by the eligible agency for career and technical education programs and programs of study under section 131(a)-(e) of the Act and describe how these allocations are distributed to local educational agencies, areas career and technical education schools and educational service agencies within the State. (Section 131(g) of Perkins V)
- (4) For the upcoming program year, provide the specific dollar allocations for each eligible recipient made available by the eligible agency for career and technical education programs and programs of study under section 132(a) of the Act and describe how these allocations are distributed to eligible institutions and consortia of eligible institutions within the State.
- (5) Describe how the eligible agency will adjust the data used to make the allocations to reflect any changes in school district boundaries that may have occurred since the population and/or enrollment data was collected, and include local education agencies without geographical boundaries, such as charter schools and secondary schools funded by the Bureau of Indian Education. (Section 131(a)(3) of Perkins V)
- (6) If the eligible agency will submit an application for a waiver to the secondary allocation formula described in section 131(a)—
 - (A) include a proposal for such an alternative formula; and
 - (B) describe how the waiver demonstrates that a proposed alternative formula more effectively targets funds on the basis of poverty (as defined by the Office of Management and Budget and revised annually in accordance with section 673(2) of the Community Services Block Grant Act (42 U.S.C. 9902(2)) to local educational agencies with the State. (Section 131(b) of Perkins V)
 - (C) Also indicate if this is a waiver request for which you received approval under the prior Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (Perkins IV).
- (7) If the eligible agency will submit an application for a waiver to the postsecondary allocation formula described in section 132(a)—
 - (A) include a proposal for such an alternative formula; and
 - (B) describe how the formula does not result in a distribution of funds to the eligible institutions or consortia with the State that have the highest numbers of economically disadvantaged individuals and that an alternative formula will result in such a distribution. (Section 132(b) of Perkins V) Also indicate if this is a waiver request for which you received approval under the prior Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (Perkins IV).
- (8) If the eligible agency will award reserve funds to eligible recipients under section 112(c) of Perkins V, describe the process and criteria for awarding those funds.
- (9) Provide the State's fiscal effort per student, or aggregate expenditures for the State, that will establish the baseline for the Secretary's annual determination on whether the State has maintained its fiscal effort, and indicate whether the baseline is a continuing level or new level. If the baseline is new, please provide the fiscal effort per student, or aggregate expenditures for the State, for the preceding fiscal year. (Section 211(b)(1)(D) of Perkins V)

(d) Accountability for Results

- (1) Identify and include at least one (1) of the following indicators of career and technical education program quality—
 - (A) the percentage of CTE concentrators (see Text Box 6 for the statutory definition of a CTE concentrator under section 3(12) of Perkins V) graduating from high school having attained a recognized postsecondary credential;
 - (B) the percentage of CTE concentrators graduating high school having attained postsecondary credits in relevant career and technical education programs and programs of study earned through a dual or concurrent enrollment program or another credit transfer agreement; and/or
 - (C) the percentage of CTE concentrators graduating from high school having participated in work-based learning. (Section 113(b)(2)(A)(iv)(I) of Perkins V)
- (2) Include any other measure(s) of student success in career and technical education that are statewide, valid, and reliable, and comparable across the State. (Section 113(b)(2)(A)(iv)(II) of Perkins V) Please note that inclusion of "other" program quality measure(s) is optional for States.
- (3) Provide the eligible agency's measurement definition with a numerator and denominator for each of the quality indicator(s) the eligible agency selects to use.
- (4) Provide on the form in Section V.B, for each year covered by the State plan beginning in FY 2020, State determined performance levels or each of the secondary and postsecondary core indicators, with the levels of performance being the same for all CTE concentrators in the State. (Section 113(b)(3)(A)(i)(I) of Perkins V)
- (5) Describe the procedure the eligible agency adopted for determining State determined levels of performance described in section 113 of Perkins V, which at a minimum shall include—
 - (A) a description of the process for public comment under section 113(b)(3)(B) of Perkins V as part of the development of the State determined levels of performance (see Text Box 7 for the statutory requirements for consultation on State determined performance levels under section 113(b)(3)(B) of Perkins V);
 - (B) an explanation for the State determined levels of performance that meet each of the statutory requirements in Text Box 8; and
 - (C) a description of how the State determined levels of performance set by the eligible agency align with the levels, goals and objectives other Federal and State laws, (Section 122(d)(10) of Perkins V).
- (6) As part of the procedures for determining State determined levels of performance, describe the process that will be used to establish a baseline for those levels.
- (7) Provide a written response to the comments regarding State determined performance levels received during the public comment period pursuant to section 113(b)(3)(B) of Perkins V. (Section 113(b)(3)(B)(iii) of Perkins V). As part of the written response, include a description of any the changes made to the State determined performance levels as a result of stakeholder feedback.
- (8) Describe how the eligible agency will address disparities or gaps in performance as described in section 113(b)(3)(C)(ii)(II) of Perkins V in each of the plan years, and if no meaningful progress has been achieved prior to the third program year, a description of the additional actions the eligible agency will take to eliminate these disparities or gaps. (Section 122(d)(11) of Perkins V)
 - As part of the written response, and pursuant to the Report of the Senate Committee on Health,

Education, Labor, and Pensions (HELP),²⁶ the eligible agency could indicate that it will analyze data on the core indicators of performance to identify gaps in performance, explain how they will use evidence-based research to develop a plan to provide support and technical assistance to eligible recipients to address and close such gaps, and how they will implement this plan. The eligible agency is not required to submit a new State plan prior to the third program year in order to address this requirement.

 $26 \ \ See \ page \ 11 \ of \ Committee \ Report \ at \ \underline{https://www.congress.gov/115/crpt/srpt434/CRPT-115srpt434.pdf}.$

TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES PROGRAM (TANF)

(OMB Control Number: 0970-0145)

States that include TANF in the Combined State Plan must outline how the State will meet the requirements of section 402 of the Social Security Act including how it will:

- (a) Conduct a program designed to serve all political subdivisions in the State (not necessarily in a uniform manner) that provides assistance to needy families with (or expecting) children and provides parents with job preparation, work, and support services to enable them to leave the program, specifically cash assistance, and become self-sufficient (section 402(a)(1)(A)(i) of the Social Security Act).
- (b) Require a parent or caretaker receiving assistance to engage in work (defined by the State) once the State determines the parent or caretaker is ready to engage in work, or once he or she has received 24 months of assistance, whichever is earlier, consistent with the child care exception at 407(e)(2) (section 402(a)(1)(A)(ii) of the Social Security Act).
- (c) Ensure that parents and caretakers receiving assistance engage in work in accordance with section 407 (section 402(a)(1)(A)(iii) of the Social Security Act). Consistent with the required strategic elements discussed in section II (a)(2) herein, provide a specific analysis of how the State's workforce development activities are addressing employment and training services for parents or caretakers receiving assistance.
- (d) Take such reasonable steps as the State deems necessary to restrict the use and disclosure of information about individuals and families receiving assistance under the program attributable to funds provided by the Federal Government (section 402(a)(1)(A)(iv) of the Social Security Act).
- (e) Establish goals and take action to prevent and reduce out-of-wedlock pregnancies, with special emphasis on teenage pregnancies (section 402(a)(1)(A)(v) of the Social Security Act).
- (f) Conduct a program designed to reach State and local law enforcement officials, the education system, and relevant counseling services, that provides education and training on the problem of statutory rape so that teenage pregnancy prevention programs may be expanded to include men (section 402(a)(1)(A)(vi) of the Social Security Act.)
- (g) Implement policies and procedures as necessary to prevent access to assistance provided under the State program funded under this part through any electronic fund transaction in an automated teller machine or point-of-sale device located in a place described in section 408(a)(12), including a plan to ensure that recipients of the assistance have adequate access to their cash assistance (section 402(a)(1)(A)(vii) of the Social Security Act).
- (h) Ensure that recipients of assistance provided under the State program funded under this part have the ability to use or withdraw assistance with minimal fees or charges, including an opportunity to access assistance with no fee or charges, and are provided information on applicable fees and surcharges that apply to electronic fund transactions involving the assistance, and that such information is made publicly available (section 402(a)(1)(A)(viii) of the Social Security Act).
- (i) Indicate whether it intends to treat families moving from another State differently from other families under the program, and if so how (section 402(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Social SecurityAct)

(j) Indicate whether it intends to provide assistance to non-citizens, and if so include an overview of the assistance (section 402(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the Social Security Act).

- (k) Set forth objective criteria for the delivery of benefits and the determination of eligibility and for fair and equitable treatment, including an explanation of how it will provide opportunities for recipients who have been adversely affected to be heard in a State administrative or appeal process (section 402(a)(1)(B)(iii) of the Social Security Act).
- (l) Indicate whether the State intends to assist individuals to train for, seek, and maintain employment (Section 402(a)(1)(B)(v) of the Social Security Act)—
 - (1) providing direct care in a long-term care facility (as such terms are defined under section 1397j of this title); or
 - (2) in other occupations related to elder care, high-demand occupations, or occupations expected to experience labor shortages as, determined appropriate by the State for which the State identifies an unmet need for service personnel, and, if so, shall include an overview of such assistance.
- (m) Provide for all MOE-funded services the following information: the name of the program benefit or service, and the financial eligibility criteria that families must meet in order to receive that benefit or service. In addition, for TANF MOE-funded services (co-mingled or segregated MOE) describe the program benefit provided to eligible families (SSP services do not have to include a description but the Department of Health and Human Services encourages it) (§263.2(b)(3) & §263.2(c) preamble pages 17826-7).

A. TANF CERTIFICATIONS

States that include TANF in the Combined State Plan must provide a certification by the chief executive officer of that State, that during the fiscal year, the State will: Operate a child support enforcement program under the State Plan approved under part D. (section 1. 402(a)(2) of the Social Security Act); 2. Operate a foster care and adoption assistance program under the State Plan approved under part E, and that the State will take such actions as are necessary to ensure that children receiving assistance under such part are eligible for medical assistance under the State Plan under title XIX. (section 402(a)(3) of the Social Security Act); 3. Specify which State agency or agencies will administer and supervise the program referred to in paragraph (1) for the fiscal year, which shall include assurances that local governments and private sector organizations (section 402(a)(4) of the Social Security Act)— (A) have been consulted regarding the plan and design of welfare services in the State so that services are provided in a manner appropriate to local populations; and (B) have had at least 45 days to submit comments on the plan and the design of such services; 4. Provide each member of an Indian tribe, who is domiciled in the State and is not eligible for assistance under a tribal family assistance plan approved under section 412, with equitable access to assistance under the State program funded under this part attributable to funds provided by the Federal Government. (section 402(a)(5) of the Social Security Act);

- 5. Establish and enforce standards and procedures to ensure against program fraud and abuse, including standards and procedures concerning nepotism, conflicts of interest among individuals responsible for the administration and supervision of the State program, kickbacks, and the use of political patronage. (section 402(a)(6) of the Social Security Act);
 6. (optional) Establish and Enforcing standards and procedures to (section 402(a)(7) of the Social Security Act).—

 (i) screen and identify individuals receiving assistance under this part with a history of
 - screen and identify individuals receiving assistance under this part with a history of domestic violence while maintaining the confidentiality of such individuals;
 - (ii) refer such individuals to counseling and supportive services; and
 - (iii) waive, pursuant to a determination of good cause, other program requirements such as time limits (for so long as necessary) for individuals receiving assistance, residency requirements, child support cooperation requirements, and family cap provisions, in cases where compliance with such requirements would make it more difficult for individuals receiving assistance under this part to escape domestic violence or unfairly penalize such individuals who are or have been victimized by such violence, or individuals who are at risk of further domestic violence.

SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING (SNAP E &T) and WORK PROGRAMS AUTHORIZED UNDER SECTIONS 6(d)(4) and 6 6(o) OF THE FOOD AND NUTRITION ACT OF 2008

(OMB Control Number: 0584-0083)

- (a) General Requirements²⁷: The State agency must prepare and submit an Employment and Training (E&T) Plan to its appropriate Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) Regional Office. The E&T Plan must be available for public inspection at the State agency headquarters. A State agency may include its plan for the SNAP E&T program in a Combined Plan under WIOA but will require FNS approval prior to implementation and must continue to make a copy of the plan available for public inspection. If a State includes SNAP E&T in a Combined Plan under WIOA, the State agency will detail the following for each year covered by the Combined Plan:
 - (1) The nature of the E&T components the State agency plans to offer and the reasons for such components, including cost information. The methodology for State agency reimbursement for education components must be specifically addressed;
 - (2) An operating budget for the Federal fiscal year with an estimate of the cost of operation for each Federal fiscal year covered by the Combined Plan. Any State agency that requests 50 percent Federal reimbursement for State agency E&T administrative costs, other than for participant reimbursements, must include in its plan, or amendments to its plan, an itemized list of all activities and costs for which those Federal funds will be claimed, including the costs for case management and casework to facilitate the transition from economic dependency to self-sufficiency through work. Costs in excess of the Federal grant will be allowed only with the prior approval of FNS and must be adequately documented to assure that they are necessary, reasonable and properly allocated. A State must submit a plan amendment to request budget adjustments at least 30 days prior to planned implementation;
 - (3) The categories and types of individuals the State agency intends to exempt from E&T participation, the estimated percentage of work registrants the State agency plans to exempt, and the frequency with which the State agency plans to reevaluate the validity of its exemptions;
 - (4) The characteristics of the population the State agency intends to place in E&T;
 - (5) The estimated number of volunteers the State agency expects to place in E&T;
 - (6) The geographic areas covered and not covered by the E&T Plan and why, and the type and location of services to be offered;
 - (7) The method the State agency uses to count all work registrants as of the first day of the new fiscal year;
 - (8) The method the State agency uses to report work registrant information on the quarterly Form FNS-583;

- (9) The method the State agency uses to prevent work registrants from being counted twice within a Federal fiscal year. If the State agency universally work registers all SNAP applicants, this method must specify how the State agency excludes those exempt from work registration under 7 C.F.R. §273.7(b)(1). If the State agency work registers nonexempt participants whenever a new application is submitted, this method must also specify how the State agency excludes those participants who may have already been registered within the past 12 months as specified under 7 C.F.R. §273.7(a)(1)(i);
- (10) The organizational relationship between the units responsible for certification and the units operating the E&T components, including units of the Statewide workforce development system, if available. FNS is specifically concerned that the lines of communication be efficient and that noncompliance by the participant be reported to the certification unit within 10 working days after the noncompliance occurs;
- (11) The relationship between the State agency and other organizations it plans to coordinate with for the provision of services, including organizations in the Statewide workforce development system, if available. Copies of contracts must be available for inspection;
- (12) The availability, if appropriate, of E&T programs for Indians living on reservations after the State agency has consulted in good faith with appropriate tribal organizations;
- (13) If a conciliation process is planned, the procedures that will be used when an individual fails to comply with an E&T program requirement. Include the length of the conciliation period; and
- (14) The payment rates for child care established in accordance with the Child Care and Development Block Grant provisions of 45 CFR 98.43, and based on local market rate surveys.
- (15) The combined (Federal/State) State agency reimbursement rate for transportation costs and other expenses reasonably necessary and directly related to participation incurred by E&T participants. If the State agency proposes to provide different reimbursement amounts to account for varying levels of expenses, for instance for greater or lesser costs of transportation in different areas of the State, it must include them here.
- (16) Information about expenses the State agency proposes to reimburse. FNS must be afforded the opportunity to review and comment on the proposed reimbursements before they are implemented.
- (b) <u>Able-bodied Adults without Dependents (ABAWD)</u>²⁸: A State agency interested in receiving additional funding for serving able-bodied adults without dependents (ABAWDs) subject to the 3-month time limit, in accordance with 7 C.F.R. §273.7(d)(3), must include the following for each Federal fiscal year covered by the Combined Plan under WIOA:
 - (1) Its pledge to offer a qualifying activity to all at-risk ABAWD applicants and recipients;
 - (2) Estimated costs of fulfilling its pledge;
 - (3) A description of management controls in place to meet pledge requirements;
 - (4) A discussion of its capacity and ability to serve at-risk ABAWDs; Information about the size and special needs of its ABAWD population; and

- (5) Information about the education, training, and workfare components it will offer to meet the ABAWD work requirement.
- (c) Optional Workfare²⁹: State agencies or other political subdivisions must describe in detail in the plan how the political subdivision, working with the State agency and any other cooperating agencies that may be involved in the program, will fulfill the provisions of 7 C.F.R. §273.7(m). If a State opts to operate an optional workfare program or modify an existing optional workfare program, through a Combined Plan under WIOA, it must provide the following:
 - (1) State agencies or political subdivisions submitting a workfare plan must submit with the plan an operating budget covering the period from the initiation of the workfare program's implementation schedule to the close of the Federal fiscal year for each year covered by the Combined Plan. In addition, an estimate of the cost for one full year of operation must be submitted together with the workfare plan for each Federal fiscal year covered by the Combined Plan.
 - (2) If workfare plans are submitted by more than one political subdivision, each representing the same population (such as a city within a county), FNS will determine which political subdivision will have its plan approved. Under no circumstances will a SNAP recipient be subject to more than one SNAP workfare program. If a political subdivision chooses to operate a workfare program and represents a population which is already, at least in part, subject to a SNAP workfare program administered by another political subdivision, it must establish in its workfare plan how SNAP recipients will not be subject to more than one SNAP workfare program.
- (d) Voluntary Workfare³⁰: State agencies and political subdivisions may operate workfare programs whereby participation by SNAP recipients is voluntary. In such a program, the penalties for failure to comply, as provided in 7 C.F.R. §273.7(f), will not apply for noncompliance. The amount of hours to be worked will be negotiated between the household and the operating agency, though not to exceed the limits provided under 7 C.F.R. §273.7(m)(5)(ii). In addition, all protections provided under 7 C.F.R. §273.7(m)(6)(i) shall continue to apply. Those State agencies and political subdivisions choosing to operate such a program shall indicate in their workfare plan how their staffing will adapt to anticipated and unanticipated levels of participation for each Federal fiscal year covered by the Combined Plan under WIOA. FNS will not approve plans which do not show that the benefits of the workfare program, in terms of hours worked by participants and reduced SNAP allotments due to successful job attainment, are expected to exceed the costs of such a program. In addition, if FNS finds that an approved voluntary program does not meet this criterion, FNS reserves the right to withdraw approval.

^{29 7} CFR § 273.7(m)

^{30 7} CFR § 273.7(m)(8)

- (e) <u>Comparable Workfare³¹</u>: The State agency or political subdivision must provide a description of its program, including a methodology for ensuring compliance with 7 C.F.R §273.7(m)(9)(ii) for each Federal fiscal year covered by the Combined Plan under WIOA.
- (f) Process 32: The State agency must submit amendments to the SNAP E&T segment of the Combined Plan for FNS approval at least 30 days prior to the planned implementation in order to receive federal SNAP E&T funding for the activities not covered by the approved Combined Plan.
- (g) Plan Modifications 33: If FNS determines that the performance of a State agency with respect to employment and training outcomes is inadequate, FNS may require the State agency to make modifications to the State E&T plan to improve the outcomes.

Funding Disclaimer: Funds may not be available when SNAP E&T portions of a Combined State Plan under WIOA are approved. FNS's obligation after approving a SNAP E&T plan submitted as part of a Combined State Plan is contingent upon the availability of an appropriation from which payment can be made. Any FNS funding resulting from an approval of a SNAP E&T plan submitted as part of a Combined State Plan is subject to FNS receiving sufficient funds (in the Program Financial Control System for FNS) to fund this and all prior approved SNAP E&T plans submitted as part of a Combined State Plan in their entirety in the time and date order received. Federal reimbursement to States for 50 percent of State administrative expenditures and for participant reimbursements is subject to the above conditions.

29 7 U.S.C. 2025(h)(5)(E) as amended by Agricultural Act of 2014.

^{31 7} CFR § 273.7(m)(9)

^{32 7} CFR § 273.7(c)(8)

TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE

There are no program-specific state planning requirements for TAA. If the state includes TAA in a Combined State Plan, the state must incorporate TAA in its responses to the common planning elements in sections II, III, IV, and V of the WIOA State Plan requirements instrument.



JOBS FOR VETERANS STATE GRANTS

(OMB Control Number: 1225-0086)

The Jobs for Veterans' State Grants (JVSG) are mandatory, formula-based staffing grants to States (including DC, PR, VI and Guam). The JVSG is funded annually in accordance with a funding formula defined in the statute (38 U.S.C. 4102A (c) (2) (B) and regulation and operates on a fiscal year (not program year) basis, however, performance metrics are collected and reported quarterly on a Program Year basis (as with the ETA-9002 Series). Currently, VETS JVSG operates on a multi-year grant approval cycle modified and funded annually.

In accordance with 38 U.S.C. § 4102A(b)(5) and § 4102A(c), the Assistant Secretary for Veterans' Employment and Training (ASVET) makes grant funds available for use in each State to support Disabled Veterans' Outreach Program (DVOP) specialists and Local Veterans' Employment Representatives (LVER) staff. As a condition to receive funding, 38 U.S.C. § 4102A(c)(2) requires States to submit an application for a grant that contains a State Plan narrative, which includes:

- (a) How the State intends to provide employment, training and job placement services to veterans and eligible persons under the JVSG;
- (b) The duties assigned to DVOP specialists and LVER staff by the State; specifically implementing DVOP and LVER duties or roles and responsibilities as outlined in 38 U.S.C. § 4103A and 4104. These duties must be consistent with current guidance;
- (c) The manner in which DVOP specialists and LVER staff are integrated into the State's employment service delivery system or American Job Center;
- (d) The Incentive Award program implemented using the 1% grant allocation set aside for this purpose, as applicable;
- (e) The populations of eligible veterans to be served, including any additional populations designated by the Secretary as eligible for services, and any additional populations specifically targeted by the State Workforce Agency for services from one-stop delivery system partners (e.g., Native American veterans; veterans in remote rural counties or parishes);
- (f) How the State implements and monitors the administration of priority of service to covered persons;
- (g) How the State provides or intends to provide and measure, through both the DVOP and American Job Center staff: (1) job and job training individualized career services, (2) employment placement services, and (3) job-driven training and subsequent placement service program for eligible veterans and eligible persons;
- (h) The hire date along with mandatory training completion dates for all DVOP specialists and LVER staff; and,
- (i) Such additional information as the Secretary may require.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

(OMB Control Number: 1205-0132)

The Unemployment Insurance (UI) program requires a State Quality Service Plan (SQSP) on a 2-year planning cycle that is a condition of receipt of administrative funding to administer the program. The SQSP is the State's UI performance management and planning process that allows for an exchange of information between Federal and State partners to enhance the UI program's ability to reflect their joint commitment to performance excellence and client-centered services. A formal two-year SQSP is submitted biennially. On the off years, States may be required to modify the SQSP with additional corrective action plans and narrative if they are failing any new performance measures, and they are required to provide updated budget documents, certifications, and assurances. ETA Handbook No. 336, 18th Edition provides detailed guidance for the preparation and submittal of the SQSP and supplemental guidance is provided in an annual UIPL, issued as UIPL 15-19 for the FY 2020 SQSP. The Social Security Act (SSA) sections 302 and 303 authorize the Secretary of Labor to provide funds to administer the UI program and govern the expenditure of those funds. States that choose the option to include UI in a WIOA Combined State Plan will be required to submit their SQSP through the Combined State Plan process. The SQSP must be prepared in accordance to the instructions in ET Handbook 336, 18th Edition and there are no changes to the established SQSP cycle if a State chose to submit their SQSP through the Combined State Plan process.

- (a) <u>Contents of a complete UI SQSP package</u>: A complete UI SQSP package includes the following documents, as described in Chapter 1, ETA Handbook 336, 18th Edition:
 - (1) *Transmittal Letter:* A cover letter to the appropriate Regional Office (RO) transmitting all the required SQSP documents.
 - (2) *Budget Worksheets/Forms:* Budget worksheets/forms and plan for program administration based on projected allocations received from the Federal partner. These forms include Worksheet UI-1 and SF 424, SF 424A and SF 424B. The SF 424A is only required if the State vary the quarterly distribution of base claims activity staff years.
 - (3) *The State Plan Narrative:* The State Plan Narrative is a vital element of the SQSP that provides a vehicle for sharing with the Federal partner State-specific efforts that affect the administration of the UI Program. The State Plan Narrative allows the State to describe in a single narrative: a) State performance in comparison to the Government Performance Review Act goals; b) actions planned to correct deficiencies regarding UI programs, UI program reviews and reporting requirements; and c) results of customer satisfaction surveys (optional).
 - (4) Corrective Action Plans (CAPs): CAPs are expected as a part of the SQSP when State's annual performance does not meet the established criteria for core measures, Secretary's Standards, UI program, assurances, and other program deficiencies identified in the annual SQSP guidance provided by the Department. The CAP must list both specific milestones for key corrective actions or improvement activities, and the completion date for each milestone.
 - (5) *UI Program Integrity Action Plan (UI IAP):* The UI IAP outlines the strategies the State will undertake during the planning period regarding the prevention reduction and recovery of UI improper payments.
 - (6) Organizational Chart: The organization chart must conform to the requirement for delivery of

service through public employment offices, or such other designated providers as the Secretary may authorize; show the State's configuration from the Governor of the State down to the point of Employment Service and UI customer service delivery; and provide sufficient detail to show each organizational unit involved and the title of the unit manager.

(7) SQSP Signature Page. The State administrator must sign and date the SQSP Signature Page. By signing the Signature Page, the State administrator certifies that the State will comply with all the assurances and activities contained in the SQSP guidelines.

Though a State needs to submit the complete SQSP package on a 2-year cycle, there are certain documents contained in the SQSP package which are required to be submitted by States annually as part of the off-year submission. The documents which are required to be submitted annually are considered a modification to the complete SQSP submitted the previous year. Since funds for State UI operations are appropriated each year, each State is required to annually submit the transmittal letter, budget worksheets, organizational chart and the signature page. The modification may also include CAPs for new identified performance deficiencies, and any required modifications to existing CAPs.

Since the UI program is a required one-stop partner, States have the option of including UI in the Combined State Plan authorized by WIOA sec. 103.

- (b) <u>Requirements for States electing to include UI in the Combined State Plan</u>: States that elect to include UI in the Combined State Plan must:
 - (1) Submit an SQSP in the following manner depending on their timing in the SQSP cycle:
 - (A)If a State is in the first year of their 2-year cycle, , the State is required to submit the most recently approved complete SQSP package. A complete SQSP package will include the Transmittal Letter, Budget Worksheets/Forms, State Plan Narrative, CAPs (including the milestones and the completion date for each milestone), the UI IAP, Organizational Chart, and the SQSP Signature Page. One of the key goals for the UI program is to ensure that claimants are able to successfully return to work. As such, the SQSP State Plan Narrative must provide a discussion of the plan coordination with other WIOA Combined Plan programsto ensure a coordinated effort and integrated service delivery.
 - (B) If a State is in the second year of the 2-year cycle, the State is required to submit the most recently approved complete SQSP package with a modification that must include the Transmittal Letter, Budget Worksheets/Forms, Organizational Chart, and the SQSP Signature page. The modification may also include CAPs for new identified performance deficiencies, and any required modifications to existing CAPs. The CAP must list both specific milestones for key corrective actions or improvement activities, and the completion date for each milestone.
 - (2) Submit the required off-year SQSP components as a modification to the Combined State Plan on the same cycle as the regular SQSP process which must be approved by September 30th each year.

SENIOR COMMUNITY SERVICE EMPLOYMENT PROGRAM (SCSEP)

(OMB Control No. 1205-0040)

(a) Economic Projections and Impact

- (1) Discuss long-term projections for jobs in industries and occupations in the State that may provide employment opportunities for older workers. (20 CFR 641.302(d))(May alternatively be discussed in the economic analysis section of strategic plan.)
- (2) Discuss how the long-term job projections discussed in the economic analysis section of strategic plan relate to the types of unsubsidized jobs for which SCSEP participants will be trained and the types of skill training to be provided. (20 CFR 641.302(d))
- (3) Discuss current and projected employment opportunities in the State (such as by providing information available under §15 of the Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. 491-2) by occupation), and the types of skills possessed by eligible individuals. (20 CFR641.325(c))

(b) Service Delivery and Coordination

- (1) A description of actions to coordinate SCSEP with other programs. This may alternatively be discussed in the State strategies section of the strategic plan, but regardless of placement in document, must include:
 - (A) Planned actions to coordinate activities of SCSEP grantees with WIOA title I programs, including plans for using the WIOA one-stop delivery system and its partners to serve individuals aged 55 and older. (20 CFR 641.302(g), 641.325(e))
 - (B) Planned actions to coordinate activities of SCSEP grantees with the activities being carried out in the State under the other titles of the Older Americans Act (OAA). (20 CFR 641.302(h))
 - (C)Planned actions to coordinate SCSEP with other private and public entities and programs that provide services to older Americans, such as community and faith-based organizations, transportation programs, and programs for those with special needs or disabilities. (20 CFR 641.302(i))
 - (D)Planned actions to coordinate SCSEP with other labor market and job training initiatives. (20 CFR 641.302(j))
 - (E) Actions to ensure that SCSEP is an active partner in the one-stop delivery system and the steps the State will take to encourage and improve coordination with the one-stop delivery system. (20 CFR 641.335)
 - (F) Efforts to work with local economic development offices in rural locations.
- (2) The State's long-term strategy for engaging employers to develop and promote opportunities for the placement of SCSEP participants in unsubsidized employment. (20 CFR 641.302(e)) (May alternatively be discussed in the State strategies section of strategic plan.)
- (3) The State's long-term strategy for serving minority older individuals under SCSEP. (20 CFR 641.302 (c))
- (4) A list of community services that are needed and the places where these services are most needed. Specifically, the plan must address the needs and location of those individuals

most in need of community services and the groups working to meet their needs. (20 CFR 641.330)

- (5) The State's long-term strategy to improve SCSEP services, including planned long-term changes to the design of the program within the State, and planned changes in the use of SCSEP grantees and program operators to better achieve the goals of the program. This may include recommendations to the Department as appropriate. (20 CFR 641.302(k))
- (6) The State's strategy for continuous improvement in the level of performance for SCSEP participants' entry into unsubsidized employment, and to achieve, at a minimum, the levels specified in OAA Section 513(a)(2)(E)(ii). (20 CFR 641.302(f))
- (c) Location and Population Served, including Equitable Distribution
 - (1) A description of the localities and populations for which projects of the type authorized by title V are most needed. (20 CFR 641.325 (d))
 - (2) List the cities and counties where the project will be conducted. Include the number of SCSEP authorized positions and indicate where the positions changed from the prior year.
 - (3) Describe current slot imbalances and proposed steps to correct inequities to achieve equitable distribution.
 - (4) The State's long-term strategy for achieving an equitable distribution of SCSEP positions within the State that:
 - (A) Moves positions from over-served to underserved locations within the State in compliance with 20 CFR 641.365.
 - (B) Equitably serves rural and urban areas.
 - (C) Serves individuals afforded priority for service under 20 CFR 641.520. (20 CFR 641.302(a), 641.365, 641.520)
 - (5) The ratio of eligible individuals in each service area to the total eligible population in the State. (20 CFR 641.325(a))
 - (6) The relative distribution of eligible individuals who:
 - (A) Reside in urban and rural areas within the State
 - (B) Have the greatest economic need
 - (C) Are minorities
 - (D) Are limited English proficient.
 - (E) Have the greatest social need. (20 CFR 641.325(b))
 - (7) A description of the steps taken to avoid disruptions to the greatest extent possible, when positions are redistributed, as provided in 20 CFR 641.365; when new Census or other reliable data become available; or when there is over-enrollment for any other reason. (20 CFR 641.325(i), 641.302(b))

HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (HUD) EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ACTIVITIES

There are no program-specific state planning requirements for HUD employment and training programs. If the state includes HUD employment and training programs in a Combined State Plan, the state must incorporate such HUD programs in its responses to the common planning elements in sections II, III and IV of the WIOA State Plan requirements instrument.

HUD considers such employment and training activities to include the following: Community Development Block Grant program, Continuum of Care, Family Self-Sufficiency program, Jobs Plus program, and Resident Opportunities and Self-Sufficiency program.

B. COMMUNITY SERVICES BLOCK GRANT

(OMB Control Number: 0970-0382)

Note: Below is information about the employment and training activities carried out under the Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) (42 U.S.C. 9901 et seq.) that is included in the WIOA Combined State Plan. The complete CSBG State Plan is submitted directly to the Federal agency that administers that program and is collected under OMB Control Number: 0970-0382.

Where CSBG is included in the Combined State Plan, the State CSBG Lead Agency (as designated by the chief executive of the State under the requirements of section 676(a) of the CSBG Act (42 U.S.C. 9908(a)) will coordinate plans for employment and training activities under CSBG as part of a larger antipoverty and workforce development strategy.

As part of the Combined State Plan, the State CSBG Lead Agency must:

- (a) Describe how the State and the eligible entities will coordinate the provision of employment and training activities through Statewide and local WIOA workforce development systems; and may
- (b) Provide examples of innovative employment and training programs and activities conducted by eligible entities or other neighborhood-based organizations as part of a community antipoverty strategy.

PRA BURDENS TABLE

Please note that the burden calculations for this table have been calculated differently depending on the referenced ICRs. The burdens included below are the same burdens that exist for these programs regardless of whether a state chooses to submit a Combined State Plan.

OMB Control Numb	Topic	Estimate d Total Burden	Citation for Requirement to Respond
e r		Durden	Kesponu
	Form Elements		.1
1205- 0522	Common Requirements and Program-Specific requirements for: The Adult Program, the Dislocated Worker Program, the Youth Program, the Wagner-Peyser Act Program, the Adult Education and Literacy Program, and the Vocational Rehabilitation Program	3,268 hours	WIOA sec. 102 and 103
Supplemen	ntal Collections for Combined Plan Partners' Program-Spe	cific Eleme	nts
1830- 0029	Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Improvement Act of 2006 (P.L. 109-270) State Plan Guide	2,240 hours	Sections 122(a)(1) and 201(c) of the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (Act), 20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq. as amended by P.L. 109-270, and WIOA sec. 103
0970-	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) State	594 hours	42 U.S.C. 602, and WIOA
0145	Plan Guidance	09.110015	sec. 103
0584- 0083	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Operating Guidelines, Forms, and Waivers, Program and Budget Summary Statement	1431 hours ³⁰	7 CFR 271-274.1, and WIOA sec. 103
1225- 0086	Grant Application Requirements for the Jobs for Veterans State Grants Program	1620 hours	38 U.S.C. § 4102A(c), and WIOA sec. 103.
1205- 0132	Unemployment Insurance State Quality Service Plan Planning and Reporting Guidelines	1530 hours	29 CFR 97.40 ET Handbook No. 336 18 th Edition, and WIOA sec. 103.
1205- 0040	Senior Community Service Employment Program Performance Measurement System	406 hours	20 CFR Part 641, and WIOA sec. 103
0970- 0382	Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) Model Plan Applications	112 hours ³¹	Section 676(b) of the Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) Act (42 U.S.C. 9908(b)), and WIOA

	sec. 103.

Draft. Needs RSAs Review

OMB Control Number 1205-0522

³⁰ This number represents estimated average burden for the portion of the SNAP plan that covers programs authorized under section 6(d)(4) and section 6(o) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 only.

31 This number represents estimated average burden for the portion of t