

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

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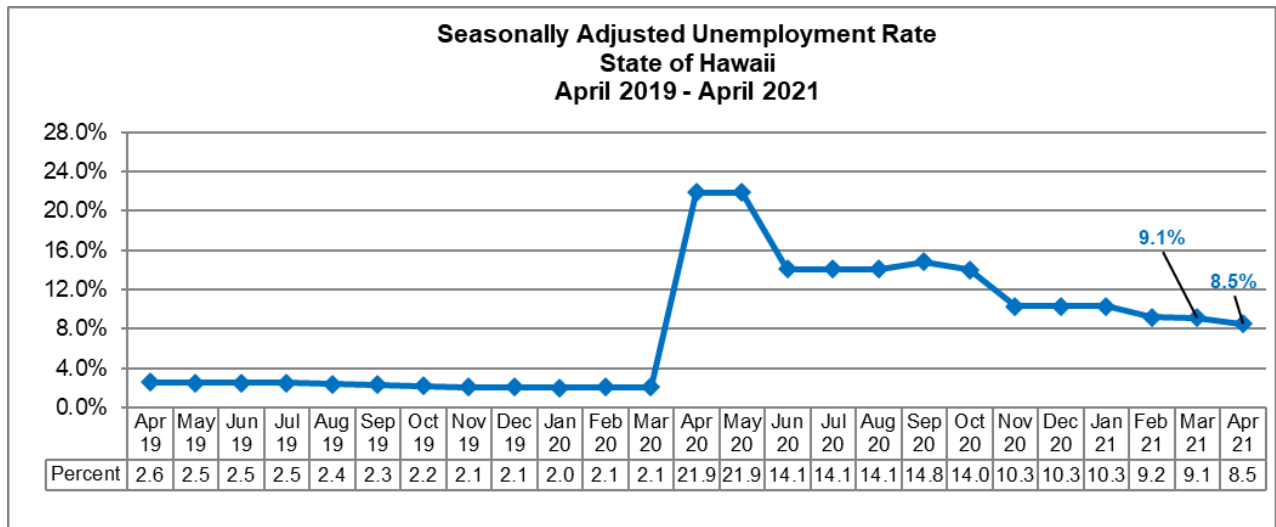
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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
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HAWAII'S UNEMPLOYMENT RATE AT 8.5 PERCENT IN APRIL

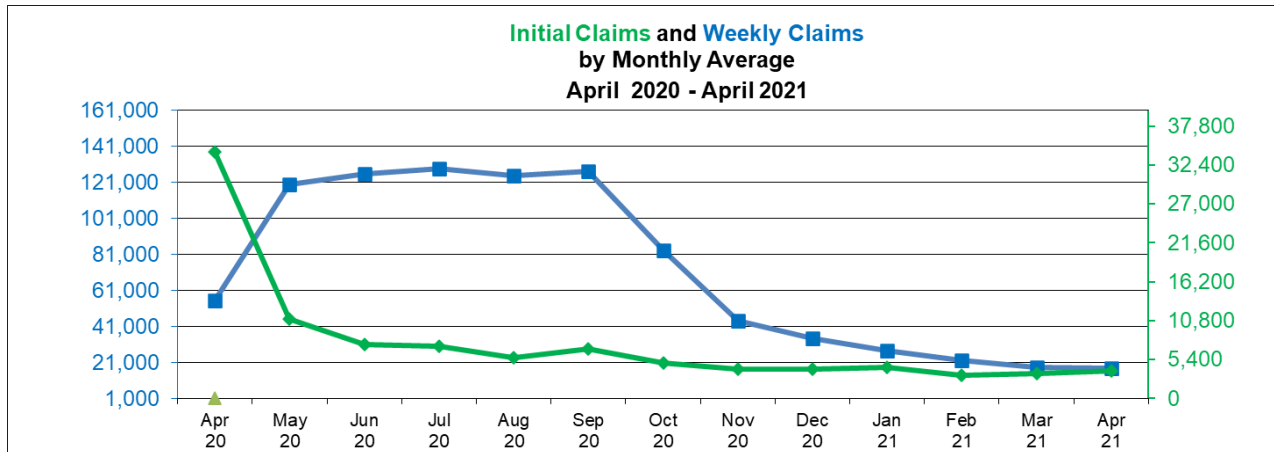
Jobs increased by 52,300 over-the-year

HONOLULU — The Hawai'i State Department of Labor & Industrial Relations (DLIR) today announced that the seasonally adjusted unemployment rate for April was 8.5 percent compared to revised rate of 9.1 percent in March. Statewide, 594,400 were employed and 55,350 unemployed in April for a total seasonally adjusted labor force of 649,750. Nationally, the seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 6.1 percent in April, up slightly from 6.0 percent in March.



The unemployment rate figures for the State of Hawai'i and the U.S. in this release are seasonally adjusted, in accordance with the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) methodology. The not seasonally adjusted rate for the State was 8.1 percent in April, compared to the revised rate of 8.7 percent in March.

Unemployment Insurance (UI) Claims



Initial claims for unemployment benefits for the month of April was 3,848 an increase of 323 (or 9.2%) from the previous month. The total number of continued weeks claimed for benefits for the month of April was 17,819, a decrease of 470 (or -2.6%) from the previous month.

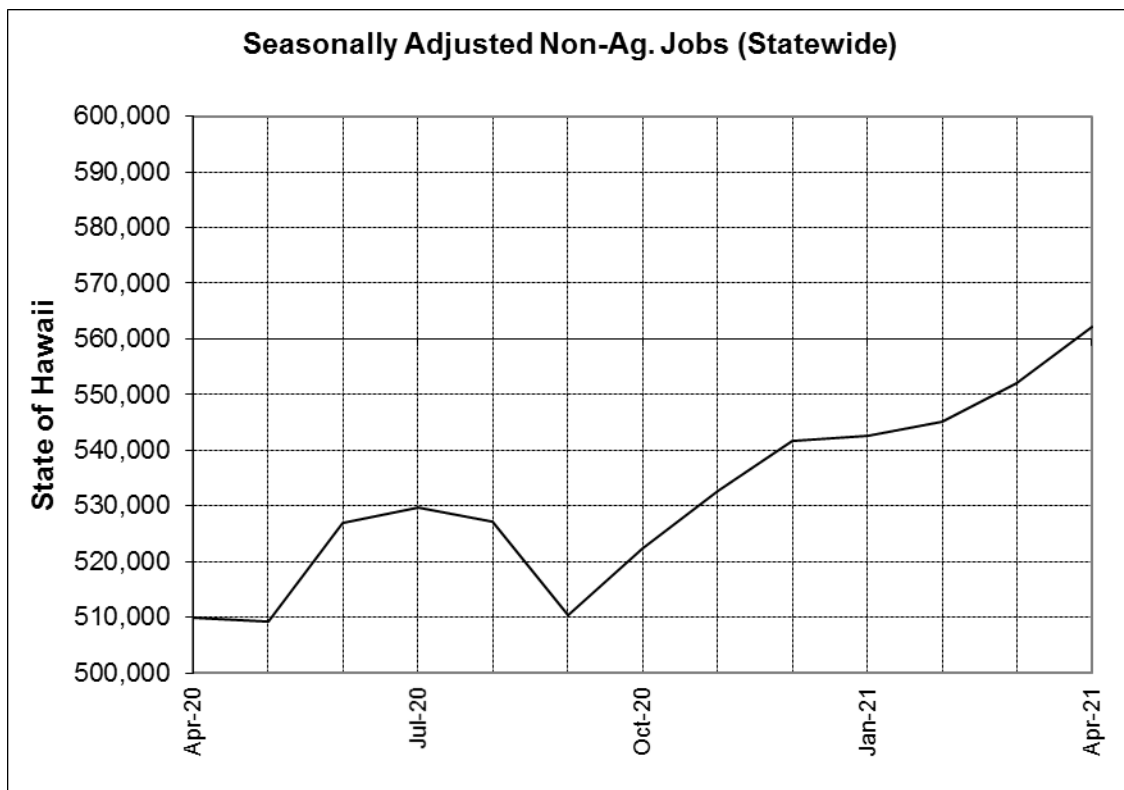
In comparison to one year ago, initial claims dropped by 11,560 or 76.6 percent and weeks claimed did spike to nearly 11 thousand or 142.5 percent.

Industry Payroll Employment (Establishment Survey)

In a separate measure of employment, total nonagricultural jobs increased by 10,000 in April over March. Job gains were experienced in Leisure & Hospitality (+5,500), Construction (+700), Trade, Transportation, & Utilities (+600), Professional & Business Services (+400), Other Services (+300), and Financial Activities (+100). The expansion in Leisure & Hospitality was robust in both Accommodation and Food Services & Drinking Places, but particularly in Accommodation. Employment remained stable in Information. Job losses occurred in Manufacturing (-100) and Education & Health Services (-500). Government employment went up by 3,000 jobs, largely due to increased staffing in the Department of Education. Compared to April 2020 (first month of pandemic effects), nonfarm jobs have risen by 52,300, or 10.3 percent). However, in comparison with March 2020 (last month prior to pandemic effects), nonfarm jobs were down by 93,100, or -14.2 percent.

Seasonally Adjusted Non-Ag. Jobs (Statewide)

	Apr-21	Mar-21	Apr-20
MINING, LOGGING & CONSTRUCTION	37,200	36,500	34,300
MANUFACTURING	11,300	11,400	10,500
Durable Goods	3,300	3,300	3,100
Non-Durable Goods	8,000	8,100	7,400
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION & UTILITIES	102,900	102,300	95,800
Wholesale Trade	16,800	16,800	16,000
Retail Trade	59,600	59,300	54,600
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	26,500	26,200	25,200
INFORMATION	6,600	6,600	6,600
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	27,100	27,000	27,000
Finance & Insurance	17,000	17,000	16,400
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	10,100	10,000	10,600
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	68,800	68,400	62,300
Professional, Scientific, Tech Svcs	24,100	23,900	22,800
Management of Companies & Enterprises	8,200	8,100	8,200
Administrative & Support & Waste Mgmt	36,500	36,400	31,300
EDUCATION & HEALTH SERVICES	81,900	82,400	76,300
Educational Services	11,700	11,800	10,800
Health Care & Social Assistance	70,200	70,600	65,500
LEISURE & HOSPITALITY	86,300	80,800	59,800
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	7,800	7,600	6,000
Accommodation & Food Services	78,500	73,200	53,800
OTHER SERVICES	21,600	21,300	21,200
GOVERNMENT	118,400	115,400	116,000
Federal Government	34,000	33,800	34,800
State Government	65,500	62,600	62,500
Local Government	18,900	19,000	18,700
TOTAL: STATEWIDE	562,100	552,100	509,800
TOTAL: HONOLULU MSA	416,700	408,200	379,800
TOTAL: KAHULUI-WAILUKU-LAHAINA MSA	61,200	60,200	53,400



Technical Notes

Seasonal Adjustment

The seasonal fluctuations in the number of employed and unemployed persons reflect hiring and layoff patterns that accompany regular events such as the winter holiday season and the summer vacation season. These variations make it difficult to tell whether month-to-month changes in employment and unemployment are due to normal seasonal patterns or to changing economic conditions. Therefore, the BLS uses a statistical technique called seasonal adjustment to address these issues. This technique uses the history of the labor force data and the job count data to identify the seasonal movements and to calculate the size and direction of these movements. A seasonal adjustment factor is then developed and applied to the estimates to eliminate the effects of regular seasonal fluctuations on the data. Seasonally adjusted statistical series enable more meaningful data comparisons between months or with an annual average.

Current Population (Household) Survey (CPS)

A survey conducted for employment status in the week that includes the 12th day of each month generates the unemployment rate statistics, which is a separate survey from the Establishment Survey that yields the industry job counts. The CPS survey contacts approximately 1,000 households in Hawai'i to determine an individual's current employment status. Employed persons consist of: 1) all persons who did any work for pay or profit during the survey reference week, 2) all persons who did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family-owned enterprise

operated by someone in their household, and 3) all persons who were temporarily absent from their regular jobs, whether they were paid or not. Persons considered unemployed are ones that do not have a job, have actively looked for work in the prior four weeks and are available for work. Temporarily laid off workers are counted as unemployed, whether they have engaged in a specific job seeking activity. Persons not in the labor force are those who are not classified as employed or unemployed during the survey reference week.

Benchmark Changes to Local Area Unemployment Statistics Data

Statewide and substate data for 2010-2020 have revised inputs and have been re-estimated to reflect revised population controls and model reestimation.

Change to Monthly Employment Estimates

This release incorporates revised job count figures for the seasonally adjusted series. The revised data reflects historical corrections applied to unadjusted supersector or sector level series dating back from 2004 through 2020. For years, analysts with the State DLIR's Research and Statistics Office have developed monthly employment estimates for Hawai'i and our metropolitan areas. These estimates were based on a monthly survey of Hawai'i businesses and analysts' knowledge about our local economies. Beginning with the production of preliminary estimates for March 2011, responsibility for the production of State and metropolitan area (MSA) estimates was transitioned from individual state agencies to the U.S Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

For Hawai'i, this means the transition of statewide, Honolulu and Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina MSA estimates for both the seasonally adjusted and not seasonally adjusted areas are produced by BLS. State agencies will continue to provide the BLS with information on local events that may affect the estimates, such as strikes or large layoffs/hiring at businesses not covered by the survey and to disseminate and analyze the Current Employment Statistics (CES) estimates for local data users. BLS feels this change is designed to improve the cost efficiency of the CES program and to reduce the potential bias in state and area estimates. A portion of the cost savings generated by this change is slated to be directed towards raising survey response rates in future years, which will decrease the level of statistical error in the CES estimates. Until then, state analysts feel this change could result in increased month-to-month variability for the industry employment numbers particularly for Hawai'i's counties and islands. BLS can be reached at (202) 691-6533 for any questions about these estimates.

The not seasonally adjusted job estimates for Hawai'i County, Kauai County, Maui Island, Molokai, and Lanai are produced by the State of Hawai'i Department of Labor & Industrial Relations.

Seasonally Adjusted Labor Force & Unemployment Estimates for Honolulu & Maui Co.

BLS publishes smoothed seasonally adjusted civilian labor force and unemployment estimates for all metropolitan areas, which includes the City and County of Honolulu and Maui County. BLS releases this data each month in the *Metropolitan Area Employment and Unemployment* news release. The schedule is available at <http://www.bls.gov/news.release/metro.toc.htm>.

Alternative Measures of Labor Underutilization

Alternative Measures of Labor Underutilization for States, second quarter of 2020 through first quarter of 2021 averages (percent).

State	Measure					
	U-1	U-2	U-3	U-4	U-5	U-6
United States	3.4	6.6	8.7	9.0	9.9	14.5
Hawai'i	6.6	11.8	13.4	13.7	14.7	21.9

The six alternative labor underutilization state measures based on the Current Population Survey (CPS) and compiled on a 4-quarter moving average basis defined:

- U-1, persons unemployed 15 weeks or longer, as a percent of the civilian labor force;
- U-2, job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs, as a percent of the civilian labor force;
- U-3, total unemployed, as a percent of the civilian labor force (this is the definition used for the official unemployment rate);
- U-4, total unemployed plus discouraged workers, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus discouraged workers;
- U-5, total unemployed, plus discouraged workers, plus all other marginally attached workers*, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all marginally attached workers; and
- U-6, total unemployed, plus all marginally attached workers, plus total employed part time for economic reasons, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all marginally attached workers.

* Individuals who want, and are available for work, and who have looked for a job sometime in the prior 12 months (or since the end of their last job if they held one within the past 12 months), but were not counted as unemployed because they had not searched for work in the four weeks preceding the survey, for such reasons as child care or transportation problems, for example. Discouraged workers are a subset of the marginally attached.

Note that, the state unemployment rates (U-3) that are shown are derived directly from the CPS. As a result, these U-3 measures may differ from the official state unemployment rates for the latest 4-quarter period. The latter are estimates developed from statistical models that incorporate CPS estimates, as well as input data from other sources, such as state unemployment claims data.

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